The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY JANUARY 16, 1902 XL—NO 43

ALIVE IN COFFIN.

Young Woman's Body Had Been Prepared for Burial, at Deerfield, O.

FRIEND SAW HER FACE TWITCH.

Physicians Were Summoned, Restoratives Applied, and After Some Time She Opened Her Eyes—Regained Consciousness Next Day...

Alliance, O., Jan. 15.—A sensation has been created here by the supposed death of Mrs. John Evans. Last Thursday printed cards were sent out from Deerfield, a village a few miles north of here, announcing the death of Mrs. Evans from typhoid fever. The funeral was set for Saturday. Two physicians from Youngstown and one from Deerfield pronounced her dead. An undertaker placed the body in the casket.

About 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, while a friend stood taking a look on the face of the dead, grief was turned to amazement, and then to alarm, by a decided twitching of the face of the supposed corpse. The family was called and it was at once decided that the woman might still be alive. Doctors were hastily summoned and the most powerful of restoratives applied. After working for some time the woman opened her eyes, but seemed to be only partly conscious. By Saturday morning, however, she had fully regained consciousness, and while unable to speak and still very weak, it is generally thought she will live.

The matter has been kept so quiet that has recently leaked out here. Mrs. Evans is a young woman, and was formerly Miss Blanche Eidenour, of this city. She had been sick for several weeks.

FATAL FALL FROM BRIDGE.

Two Men Slipped on Icy Boards. One Died of Injuries—Others Hurt.

Pittsburg, Jan. 15.—Icy boards on the false work of the new bridge which is being built at Harmarville by the American Bridge company, caused the death of one man and serious injury to another.

The Dead.

John Johnson, aged 27 years, No. 6128 Butler street, Lawrenceville; employed by the bridge company as a structural iron worker.

The Injured.

Benjamin Smith, aged 27 years, of Reading, Pa.; right arm broken, covered with bruises, and thought to be seriously injured internally; is at Allegheny General Hospital.

From what could be learned the men started along the false work to place a beam in position and both stepped on the edge of the walk. It was covered with ice, but a slight coating of snow hid this fact from the men. Both shot from the high structure at the same time and both made frantic efforts to save themselves, but they crashed down to the frozen earth and their companions hurried to their assistance.

Both men were unconscious, and were taken to a near-by house, where a physician was summoned. He could do little for the men, and a special car was rigged up and hurried over the West Penn track to the Allegheny General Hospital.

Johnson lived five minutes after he reached the hospital. He never recovered consciousness.

GORMAN ELECTED TO SENATE.

He Received Sixty-Eight Votes in the Maryland Legislature.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 15.—Arthur Pue Gorman was elected United States Senator, to succeed George L. Wellington. The total vote was: Gorman, 68; Jackson, 2.

The vote in the Senate was: Gorman, 17; Jackson, 9. In the House: Gorman, 51; Jackson, 43.

The Legislature in joint session re elected Murray A. Vandiver (Democrat) state treasurer for two years. The total vote was: Vandiver (Dem.) 69; Shryock (Rep.), 51; D. H. Thomas (Dem.), 1. Two Republicans voted for Vandiver.

COUNCIL RESTRAINED FROM REMOVING HINKLE.

Columbus, O., Jan. 15.—Judge Evans granted a perpetual order restraining the city council from ousting John N. Hinkle from the office of mayor. The petition for an injunction was filed some months ago, it being alleged that a conspiracy had been formed among members of the council to impeach the mayor. Judge Evans sustained the contention of the plaintiff that the power to remove elective officers was not vested in the council, but in the probate judge.

PROMINENT POLITICIAN CONVICTED OF CRIME.

Huntington, W. Va., Jan. 15.—John S. Farr, after being on trial nine days for the murder of Owen Ross, was convicted of manslaughter. Farr is a prominent politician of this State.

Ohio Miners Met.

Columbus, O., Jan. 15.—The annual convention of the Ohio Miners opened here with about 150 delegates in attendance. The reports of the officers showed the organization to be in a flourishing condition. The scale question is the most important one to be considered.

CORN KING IN A PINCH.

Trades Brought Fair Price Yesterday. May Be Able to Settle.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—A notice was posted at the opening of the board of trade yesterday calling for the closing of all open deals with George H. Phillips, the former "Corn King."

A heavy call for extra margins is said to have been the cause of the posting of the notice. The call was made Monday afternoon.

Jacob Ringer, attorney for Mr. Phillips, gave out a statement saying that his client had been practically wiped off the financial slate. "He is broke," said Mr. Ringer. "Men whom he worsted in former deals went after him and they got him."

Mr. Phillips gave out a statement in part as follows: "The amount involved in my trouble of to-day, is about $60,000. My customers had their trades well margined, and if the trades closed out to-day bring a fair price I can meet all my obligations. I was 'long' about 1,200,000 rye, 5,000,000 wheat and 600,000 corn and oats.

"Saturday a member of the board interested in breaking the rye market sent notices calling for an extra margin of 10 per cent on rye. This naturally caused selling orders Monday, and the representatives of the member mentioned, finding the market bare of orders, forced the market down 3 cents. This was done in a moment, and the news, flashed all over the country, caused consternation among holders of rye contracts, many of whom sold on a weak market. A decline of one cent in wheat, coupled with rumors reflecting on my strength, resulted in unusually heavy calls for margins. I was for the moment unprepared, and the only alternative left was to close out. I have no excuses to offer and no complaints to make."

DENIAL MADE BY CRANE.

Nothing in Rumor He Is to Succeed Secretary Long.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Governor William Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the Secretaryship of the Navy, has given the following interview:

"As to the rumor that I may succeed Secretary Long at the head of the navy department, there is absolutely nothing in it. I assure you of this positively and honestly. I came to Washington purely on personal business."

Boy Was Shot By Guard.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 15.—Edward Williams, aged 14 years, was shot and seriously wounded at Plymouth yesterday by a guard stationed at a house quarantined owing to smallpox. The guard discharged his revolver at a cat which he saw escaping from the house. If the boy recovers he will probably be blind for life.

SOME NEWS IN BRIEF.

The public schools at Fayette City, Pa., have been closed on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever. Fifty cases of the disease have been reported. The town has no board of health.

The policemen and firemen of New Castle, Pa., have asked that their wages be raised from $55 to $60 per month.

One death has occurred from smallpox at Scenery Hill, near Washington, Pa., and the disease is spreading to such an extent that the State board of health has been asked for assistance in stamping out the epidemic.

The supreme court is in session at Scranton, Pa.

The engine house of the Hazel Glass works at Washington, Pa., were burned and the plant has suspended operations.

Carpenters at Wheeling, W. Va., are paid $2.25 per day and ask 20 per cent advance in wages.

P. M. Conway, of the rural free mail delivery department at Washington, D. C., has begun the work of establishing 40 routes in Butler county, Pa.

By the bursting of an emory wheel in a sawmill near Polk, Pa., LeRoy Carnahan, a workman, was struck by a flying missile and perhaps fatally injured.

Officials of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad have written to Judge R. E. Umbel, at Uniontown, Pa., stating that the railroad company is unable at the present time to erect a new passenger station at that place.

John Daner and Margaret Leper Daner, both 85 years old, and who were married at Steubenville, O., on January 12, 1837, celebrated the sixty-fifth anniversary of their wedding recently.

Charles Hass, a school teacher, while exploring a cavern near Zanesville, O., found a satchel filled with jewelry valued at $1,000.

The Bessemer Iron Association closed a deal at Youngstown, O., to sell 100,000 tons of iron to the United States Steel corporation, to be delivered before July 1, at $15.75 a ton, the same price at which the last lot was sold.

A. B. Martin, an oil producer, of Custer City, Pa., shot and killed himself while depressed from ill health.

Five dogs owned by E. S. Good, an East Liverpool, O., dairyman, became rabid, and attacked the family. Good was badly bitten before he succeeded in killing the animals.

Judge Bell, of Blair county, Pa., decided the Altoona and Beech Creek Railroad company to be the lawful owner of a locomotive claimed by that concern, the Pittsburg, Johnstown, Ebensburg & Eastern Railroad company, the United Collieries company of Houtzdale, and the Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia, and which was in the possession of the Pennsylvania Railroad company for shipment.

The jail at Steubenville, O., has been condemned as unsafe and unfit for use.

AS GOOD AS KING.

Kaiser Recognizes Equality Between Our Presidents and European Rulers.

LONDON PAPER SO CONSIDERS

His Action in Sending Prince Henry to the United States—The Prince Expected to Arrive Off New York About February.

London, Jan. 15.—The Post, in an editorial on Prince Henry's visit to the United States, says that Emperor William is almost the most absolute sovereign of Europe, and that this visit is the most splendid recognition by a continental court of the equality and between American President and European sovereigns.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Cable advices received at the German embassy here indicate that Prince Henry of Germany will arrive off New York about February 1s. While Dr. von Holleben, the German ambassador, has not yet been advised fully as to the details of Prince Henry's visit to this country, it is the opinion of the embassy officials that the stay of the royal visitor in the United States will not extend over a fortnight.

The voyage of the imperial yacht Hohenzollern will be so timed that the vessel will arrive off New York in season to join the steamer which will bring Prince Henry, so that he may board the yacht and then proceed on to be met by the reception fleet of naval vessels and steamers which will escort the Hohenzollern into New York harbor.

The President is showing a great deal of interest in the arrangement for Prince Henry's reception, and he himself called the matter up in the cabinet yesterday. It was too early to map out any definite programme for the reception, but to Secretary Hay and to Secretary Long were left the arrangements of details. It is probable that when the Hohenzollern takes off Prince Henry from the liner she will be escorted from the lower bay down to Sandy Hook by Admiral Dewey's old flagship, the Olympia, or the San Francisco, which has been the flagship of the European squadron. Both of these fine ships have been almost completely reconstructed in the Boston and New York navy yards. As it has been suggested that the captain of either of these ships would not have sufficient rank to meet the German admiral, Secretary Long has taken under consideration the propriety of appointing Rear Admiral Robley Evans as a special representative for this occasion. He is known personally to Prince Henry, who was in command at the great naval demonstration at Kiel, where Admiral Evans represented the United States navy on the cruiser New York.

SCHLEY VISITS NEGRO COLLEGE

Given Fine Welcome—Reception at Gen. Gordon's Last Night.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 15.—Admiral Schley, accompanied by Gen. W. W. Gordon, visited the Georgia State Agricultural and Mechanical college (colored). The college band escorted the visitors to Meldrim auditorium, where the students and many of the representative colored citizens of Savannah had assembled. President R. R. Wright received the Admiral and other guests at the entrance to the chapel.

The students sang "America," concluding with the old plantation melody, "Steal Away to Jesus."

There was a brilliant reception in the Admiral's behalf last night at the home of General Gordon.

CZAR AND CZARINA PLEASED.

Told Tower Russia Reciprocated Our Friendly Feelings.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 15.—At the Russian New Year's reception the Czar and Czarina took occasion to express to the United States ambassador, Charlemange Tower, the gratification which they felt at the reports which they constantly received of the good feeling in the United States toward Russia. Their Majesties wished the Americans to understand that the feeling was reciprocated by themselves and the Russian people.

The Czar and Czarina inquired particularly concerning President Roosevelt, with whose career their conversation showed them to be perfectly familiar. Their Majesties expressed the highest opinion of Mr. Roosevelt's character and achievments.

DENIAL BY SCHWAB.

Cables That Stories of Sensational Gambling Are False.

New York, Jan. 15.—The following cable dispatch from Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, is self-explanatory:

"Nice, Jan. 15.—To the Associated Press, New York: I have learned today of the sensational statements regarding gambling at Monte Carlo. I have been on an automobile trip through the south of France with a party of friends. I did visit the Casino at Monte Carlo, but the statements of sensational gambling are false.

(Signed) "SCHWAB."

Strauss Succeeds Harrison.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Mr. Oscar S. Strauss, of New Jersey, formerly United States minister to Turkey, was appointed as a permanent member of the committee of arbitration at The Hague. The appointment is to fill the vacancy caused by the death of ex-President Harrison.

CLOSED ACTIVE AND WEAK,

Did the Stock Market Tuesday. Some of the Features.

New York, Jan. 15.—There was considerable of speculative sentiment in the stock market yesterday, and the movement to sell gained increasing force. The weakness became rather acute in the final hour, when the heaviest selling of the day was done, and the market closed active and weak, and generally at the lowest, net losses running all the way from 1 to 6 points for the principal stocks.

There was some special causes of weakness of individual stocks, which affected the general market by sympathy to some extent, but the movement as a whole was due to general causes, which have been gaining an influence for several days past. All minor differences of interpretation over the standing of the case against the Northern Securities company are sunk in the general consideration that the legality of the combination is to be submitted to determination by the courts, and that the value of its securities are in abeyance during a probable prolonged litigation.

The bearing of the decision in other combinations, not only those made but some others in contemplation, makes the decision of this case of vast importance to the whole securities market. The difficulties developed in the several industrial combinations which have suffered from impaired credit have given rise to a much more conservative spirit among the lenders of money and buyers of securities.

Yesterday's upset in the grain markets, resulting from over-commitments in speculation, brought some liquidation directly upon the stock market. Besides these general considerations Wall Street had rumors that a bond issue by the Erie Railroad company was imminent, and on these the stocks of the company declined 1¼ and 2¼ points.

The remark by President Thomas, in the last annual report, that "it would seem as though the day is now approaching when arrangement for new capital can be profitably made," was regarded as a substantial basis for these rumors. The cut in the prices of refined sugars cost that specialty 3 points.

There was noticeable weakness in a group of stocks in which there has been speculation on hopes of dividend increases or the beginning of dividends. There were fears that these hopes would be disappointed. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis stocks, the St. Louis & St. Francisco stocks, Lake Erie & Western and United States Express might be included in this category.

The Atchisons were heavily sold on continuing dissatisfaction over the debenture bonds. Aside from these instances, the selling was pretty well distributed. There was a period of stone strength in the morning, led by Manhattan, with a rise of 1%, but that stock fell with the rest of the market. Glucose rose 3% in the face of the general decline.

Sterling exchange was somewhat easier, leading to the supposition that gold may not be exported, after all this week, but the market was little affected by this development and by the liberal gains of cash on subtreasury operations. The payment yesterday of $600,000 in redemption of the Hawaiian loan which was assumed by the United States, will accrue to the benefit of the market.

Active bonds weakened in sympathy with stocks, but some less active issues held early gains. Total sales, par value, $3,675,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Jan. 15.

WHEAT—No. 2 red winter, 74@75c

CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 72@72½c; high mixed, 71@72c; No. 2 mixed, 70@71c; No. 2 yellow car, 73½@74c; high mixed, 72@73c; No. 2 mixed, 71@72c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 52½@53c; extra No. 3 white, 51½@52c; regular 50½@51c.

HAY—Choice timothy, $15.25@15.50; No. 1 do, $14.50@15.00; No. 2 do, $13.00@13.50; No. 1 mixed, $11.75@12.00; No. 1 clover, $11.25@11.75; prairie, $10.50@11.00; packing, $8.00@10.00; loose from wagon, $16.00@17.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamry prints, 27@27½c; do tubs, 26@26½c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 24@24½c; dairy butter, 17½@18½c; fresh country roll, 15½@16½c; cooking butter, 13@15c.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, 11½@12c; Ohio, 11½c; ¾ cream, Ohio, 9½@10c; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13@14c; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15@15½; 20-lb block Swiss, 15@15½c; 5-lb brick cheese, 13@13½c; limberger, 12c.

EGGS—Fresh candled, doz, 34@35c; storage, 24@25c.

POULTRY—Chickens, live hens, per lb, 9@9½c; springers, 9@9½c; roosters, 5@6c per lb; turkeys, per lb, 10@11c; turkeys, dressed, 15@16c; hens, dressed, per lb, 13½@14c; fresh spring, dressed, per lb, 13½@14c; geese, 8@9c; dressed, 14@15c; ducks, spring, 10@11c; dressed, 16@17c.

Pittsburg, Jan. 15.

CATTLE — Choice, $6.40@6.60; prime, $5.85@5.00; good, $5.35@5.65; tidy butchers, $4.60@5.15; fair, $4.00@4.50; common, $2.75@3.75; heifers, $3.50@4.75; fat cows, $1.50@4.00; bulls and stags, $2.50@4.25; good fresh cows, $40.00@60.00; fair and fresh cows, $25.00@35.00.

HOGS—Prime heavies, $6.50@6.55, heavy mediums, $6.45@6.50; light mediums, $6.40; heavy Yorkers, $6.25@6.30; light Yorkers, $6.00@6.15; pigs, $5.50@5.90.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best wethers, $4.40@4.50; good, $3.90@4.25; mixed, $3.25@3.65; culled and common, $1.00@3.50; yearlings, $3.00@4.75; lambs, $4.00@6.20; veal calves, $7.00@8.00.

THREE NEGROES WERE KILLED,

And Seven Others Were Injured Near Williamsport, Pa.

Williamsport, Pa., Jan. 15.—A dispatch from Karthaus, Clearfield county, said that three negroes were blown to pieces and seven others hurt in a dynamite explosion yesterday morning at 3 o'clock. The explosion occurred in one of the shanties occupied by negro laborers employed on the new West Branch railroad.

Shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday morning several of the negroes who were to go to work in the new tunnel at Karthaus on an early shift, arose and began thawing dynamite at a wood stove. About a dozen other negroes were still asleep in the shanty. Soon afterward the dynamite at the stove exploded, and three negroes, who were about the stove, were literally blown to pieces.

The sleeping negroes were thrown from their beds, and seven of them are reported to have sustained injuries that in several instances will probably prove fatal.

The shanty was blown to pieces and the torn bodies of the men who stood about the stove were gathered up about the scene of the explosion in a radius of thirty feet.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Anniverssary Celebrated In New York--Order Flourishing.

CARNEGIE ONE OF SPEAKERS.

Declares That More Than a Competence is Of No Personal Benefit. Men Who Are Cheerful at Their Work Are Always Sure to Rise.

New York, Jan. 15.—The twenty-sixth anniversary of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian Association was celebrated in this city last night. Andrew Carnegie was the principal speaker. Following [illegible] vice president of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, and chairman of the board of management of the branch, presided.

The [illegible] made by Chairman [illegible] and Secretary Warburton, showed the work to be in a most prosperous condition. There are 170 [illegible] branches of the Y. M. C. A. in the United States and Canada, [illegible] membership of more than [illegible] and about a quarter of a million [illegible] Railroad corporations contribute [illegible] The report was [illegible] to railroad employes and the [illegible] and says they are most [illegible]

Mr. Carnegie, Dr. George C. Lorimer and Chauncey M. Depew made addresses.

Mr. Carnegie said in part:

"The best of wealth is not what it does for the owner, but what it enables him to do for others.

"And let me tell you there is nothing in money beyond having a competence, namely, the satisfaction of being able to help others.

"It is one of the most cheering facts of our days that under present conditions the wages of labor tend to rise and the price of the necessaries of life to fall. There was never a nation so splendidly situated as ours is at this moment in regard to labor. Every sober and capable and willing man finds employment at wages which, with thrift and a good wife to manage, will enable him to go far toward laying up a competence for old age.

"There is nothing that success and happiness of a workingman so much depends upon as a good manager wife.

Big Surplus of No Value.

"And here let one who has almost without intention or desire, had himself loaded with somewhat more than a competence tell you soberly that what has been this brings little with it, and sometimes nothing desirable with it. What all of you should strive for is a competence, without which Junius has said no man can be happy. No man should be happy without it, if it be within reach, and I urge all of you to save a part of your earnings these prosperous days and put it in savings banks at interest, or better still, buy a home with it.

"The workman who rejoices in his work and laughs away its discomforts, is the man sure to rise."

Sense In Proverbs.

There is a deal of sound sense in the proverbs of a nation. Earl Russell defined a proverb as being the wit of one man and the wisdom of many, and the aptness of this is well shown in the following from the Spanish, "Since we cannot get what we like, let us like what we get." The thought is as old as the race of mankind, but ages passed before one man hit upon the happy expression of it. This saying from the Chinese is a whole homily on pride in one sentence, "When a tree is blown down, it shows that the branches are longer than the roots."

For a concise expression of the lofty aspirations of youth and the sober achievements of riper years take this sentence from Henry D. Thoreau, "The youth gets together his materials to build a bridge to the moon, or perchance a palace or temple on the earth, and at length the middle aged man concludes to build a woodshed with them."

PAY OF PUDDLERS.

Advance of Twenty-five Cents a Ton Granted.

RAISE FOR ALL STEEL WORKERS

The Common Laborers, However, Not Among the Fortunate—The Miners Expect an Increase of 10 to 15 Cents a Ton—Joint Conference to be Held Soon.

By the action of the wage conference at Youngstown, Tuesday, 25,000 puddlers and other skilled steel workers, including those of Massillon, will receive a material advance in wages. The increase is effective from Jan. 1 for sixty days. The puddlers' pay will be advanced from $5.50 to $5.75 a ton, and the finishers' from 67 cents to 68.5 cents per ton on a 1.5 card rate. These advances make the wages of skilled labor higher than they have been for some time. The pay of unskilled laborers will not be affected. At the office of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, today, it is stated that official notice of the advance has not been received, but that it is understood it has been agreed upon.

MINERS WANT MORE PAY.

The instructions of most of the Massillon district delegates to the miners' convention are to demand an advance from 10 to 15 cents a ton in the price of mining. The general opinion of the delegates was that the state convention will favor a demand for an increase, though they could not venture an opinion as to how much. The joint conference of miners and operators for the fixing of the rate for the country will take place immediately upon the close of the miners' convention at Indianapolis. A compromise will probably result. A strike is not expected.

THE MINERS' CONVENTION.

Organization in a Healthy Financial Condition.

Columbus, Jan. 15.—The Thirteenth annual convention of the Ohio District No. 6 of the United Mine Workers of America opened at the I. O. O. F. temple Tuesday, with President W. H. Haskins in the chair. A great part of the morning was spent in examining the credentials of the delegates. All contests were referred to the committee on credentials for settlement. President Haskins' report reviewed the various mining troubles, which had occurred in the state throughout the year, dwelling at length on the situation in the De-Armitt mines at Bellaire. It called upon the miners to uphold and fight for the new eight-hour law, and recommended that some method be adopted to secure a permanent and satisfactory relief fund.

Secretary Savage's report showed the financial standing of the organization to be as follows:

Receipts—Cash on hand January 1, 1901, $5,331.31; tax received from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, $13,394.64; 10 and 2 cents and 2 per cent levies, $63,312.61; total received during the year, $82,041.61.

Expenditures—Officers' salaries and other expenses, $11,255.59; paid out for strike benefit, $29,850.80; total $41,106.39. This shows the total amount of cash on hand Dec. 31, 1901, to be $40,985.95.

Most of the committees held meetings at the various hotels of the city Tuesday night and were ready to submit their report this morning. The annual election of officers will be held today. The indications are that the present officers—W. H. Haskins, president, and G. W. Savage, secretary-treasurer—will all be re-elected, and that most of the executive board will also be asked to serve for another year.

RATCHFORD'S REAPPOINTMENT.

Governor Nash Never Contemplated Other Action.

Columbus, Jan. 15.—The chiefs of the free employment bureau of the state held an informal meeting here yesterday and agreed that each bureau should have an agent to attend to the outside work which now falls upon the chief. An additional appropriation for this purpose will be asked of the legislature.

Messrs. Richardson, of Cincinnati; McMullins, of Cleveland; Cohen, of Toledo; and Ewing, of Columbus, who attended the meeting, united in asking Governor Nash to reappoint M. D. Ratchford, state labor commissioner, whose term expires in April, and with whom their appointment rests. The governor assured them that he never has had any other intention.

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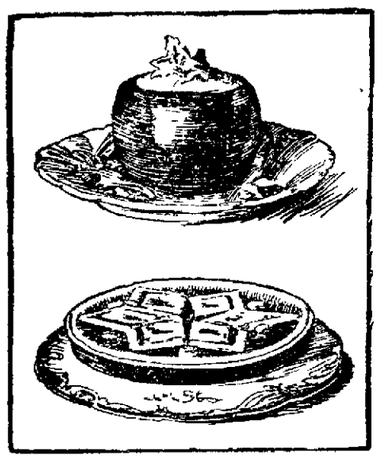
TEMPTING RECIPES.

WINTER GOOD CHEER IN ORIGINAL AND APPETIZING FORM.

Creamed Celery—Poached Oysters on the Half Shell—Pork Cake—Sweet Potato and Almond Croquettes. Cider Frappe.

Three good meals a day never commend themselves quite so heartily as when they serve us with good cheer in the midst of grim winter's chill and storms. It is the true time to taste epicurean delights to the full. Recognizing this fact, our authorities in culinary affairs spread abroad recipes for



CREAMED CELERY AND CRANBERRY PIE

dishes of such varied and irresistible attractions that each person may find the thing that pleases him. Not least in this array are the suggestions of the Boston Cooking School Magazine, among which occur the following:

Creamed Celery In a Cheese Shell—Cut the cleaned celery stalks in pieces an inch long and let cook in boiling water to cover until tender. For three cups of pieces make a pint of white sauce, using the water in which the celery was cooked, with cream as the liquid. Turn into the shell of an edam cheese, cover the top with half a cup of cracker crumbs mixed with two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, and let brown in the oven. Serve a slight scraping of cheese with each service of celery.

Open Cranberry Tartlets.—Roll puff or plain paste into a thin sheet and cut rounds that will fit over small inverted tins. Press the paste lightly upon the tins, prick repeatedly, chill and bake. Remove from the tins and fill with the following mixture. Place in the center of each a figure cut from the paste and baked, or bake the paste on a large tin and finish like the tartlets. As a filling for the tartlets or pie mix one fourth of a cup of cornstarch with two cups of sugar. Pour over one cup of boiling water and stir until boiling. Then add half a cup of molasses, half a teaspoonful of salt and one quart of cranberries, chopped fine. Stir and cook until the mixture becomes thick ten or fifteen minutes, then add two tablespoonfuls of butter and turn into the tartlet cases.

Poached Oysters on the Half Shell—Butter as many scallop shells as there are individuals to serve. Put into each shell about six oysters, with their own liquor, and sprinkle with salt, pepper and tomato catchup. Scatter a few bits of butter here and there on the oysters and set the shells in a hot oven. Serve on daily covered plates as soon as the oysters look plump and the edges curl. Put two or three toast points in each shell or serve with brown bread sandwiches.

Pork Cake.—Chop one pound of fat salt pork very fine and pour over this one cupful of boiling water. Add two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of molasses, two eggs beaten without separating, five cupfuls of flour sifted with half a teaspoonful of ground cloves, one teaspoonful of ground mace, two teaspoonfuls of ground cinnamon and one teaspoonful of soda. Beat thoroughly then add one pound of seeded raisins chopped and mixed with two tablespoonfuls of flour.

Sweet Potato and Almond Croquettes.—Bake seven sweet potatoes. As soon as they are soft break apart scrape out the pulp and pass through a sieve. To each pint of pulp add one teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one beaten egg, three tablespoonfuls of blanched almonds chopped and pounded in a mortar and enough cream to make of a consistency to handle. Form into the shapes of apples and pears, egg and bread crumb and fry in deep fat. Finish with sticks of parsley for stems.

Cider Frappe.—Turn sweet cider into the can of a freezer packed as for freezing and freeze as ice cream. Draw off the water, repack with ice and salt and let stand an hour or more to ripen.

POACHED OYSTERS ON THE HALF SHELL

Serve in small glasses or in the thin red shells of apples from which the pulp has been taken. Only a thin shell of apple should be retained, and the inside should be saturated with lemon juice to keep it white. The cider should be sweet, but not too sweet.

Filling For a Fig Pie.—Cook half a pound of figs chopped fine with half a cupful of water and half a cupful of cider—if boiled cider be at hand, use more water and less cider—until smooth. Put into a pie tin lined with pastry and when baked cover with a meringue. The pastry may be baked on an inverted tin and, after being put in place, filled with the fig paste, covered with a meringue and set into the oven long enough to cook the meringue.

THE WELL KEPT FOOT.

Comfort and Beauty Insured by Intelligent and Constant Care.

In order to have perfectly formed feet the shoe should hold the foot with gentleness without pressure on any joint. Very narrow soles and pointed toes should be avoided. The sole should be of natural breadth, the heel broad and of medium height, says The Household in giving the following advice:

A frequent change of shoes should be made and it will preserve the shoes and the feet. After long walks the feet should be given a warm bath and then rubbed with rum or cologne. Should there be any pain in the soles or over the insteps bathe the spot with a weak solution of carbolic acid. For feet inclined to swell from long standing in one position hot sea salt baths are very good. By dissolving the following in the bath excellent results are obtained. Alum, one ounce; rock salt, two ounces; borax, two ounces.

The feet should be bathed daily and twice a week should be soaked in warm water and scrubbed with a brush and soap. They should be carefully examined once a week, and loose skin should be removed and callosities should be rubbed smooth with a piece of pumice stone. Nails should be pared and cut weekly.

To ease the feet when fatigued rub the soles with a cut lemon and in warm weather apply this powder, which will cure a tendency to swelling or profuse perspiration. Lycopodium, three drams, alum, one dram; tannin, thirty drams.

For sensitive feet bathe them in the following footbath for about twenty minutes before retiring, using it warm: Boil for twenty minutes in five quarts of water the following: Dried mint, one ounce; dried sage, one ounce; dried angelica, three ounces; juniper berries, one-half pound; rosemary leaves, one pound.

To better the condition of the feet and prevent enlargement bathe frequently and rub briskly. Scrape with a file all callosities. If this is continued, the affected parts will in time be relieved entirely.

To relieve the pain from an ingrowing nail thrust a bit of absorbent cotton wet with the following lotion under the ingrowing nail which scrape and file down until very thin: Chloride of zinc, one ounce; muriatic acid, one dram; nitric acid, one dram.

In early stages of ingrowing nails paint them with perchloride of iron. This is usually successful.

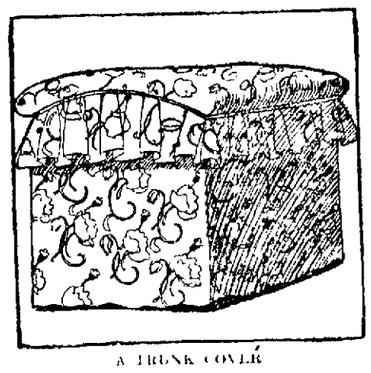
Should one inflict a wound by cutting a corn or paring the nails immediately bathe with some antiseptic lotion, such as boracic acid, listerine or glycerin and carbolic acid solution in the proportion of two parts of glycerin to one part of carbolic acid.

A good remedy for tender feet is to soak them in salt water or bran and water. Allow them to remain in the salt foothath for fully half an hour. This will be found to be an effectual remedy.

Useful and Decorative.

It is often impossible to remove a trunk to the storeroom, and those whose surroundings are always artistic will plan some means of concealing the useful but unsightly affair.

A cover is made of cretonne in pretty colors and graceful design, made to fit



A TRUNK COVER

the sides and ends of the trunk and having a cushion made of horsehair or excelsior covered with cretonne to adjust over the top. A deep frill of the material to follow the edges gives a pleasing finish.—Delineator.

Hardwood Floors.

Floors that have been finished in shellac should be kept clean, says The National Builder, by thoroughly brushing off the dust with a soft hair or feather brush or by wiping with a cloth of soft texture. If the cloth is slightly moist, the dust will adhere to it more readily, but wipe with a dry cloth afterward. If any dirt that will not wipe off with a moist cloth should be deposited on the floor, wash it off thoroughly with clean (not hot) water, using soap if necessary, which also cleanse off with water as quickly as possible and wipe dry.

When the face of the floor begins to look worn and shabby, after cleansing off the dirt and wiping dry, if water has been used, rub the surface all over nicely with a mixture two-thirds turpentine and one-third raw linseed oil. To do this saturate a soft cloth of any kind with the mixture, wring it out half dry and rub the floor with it evenly. Do not use the oil so freely as to leave it standing on the surface to catch dust. To prevent this wipe off with a clean, dry cloth. After the shellac is worn down to the surface of the wood sandpaper it all over evenly with a No. 1 sandpaper and give it another coat of shellac, after which continue to keep as before.

Floors finished in plain oil only should be kept in the same manner as above, more soap and water being required and more frequent rubbing with the mixture of turpentine and linseed oil spoken of above.

Waxed floors can be cleansed by washing off thoroughly with turpentine and benzine, after which they can be rewaxed if desired.

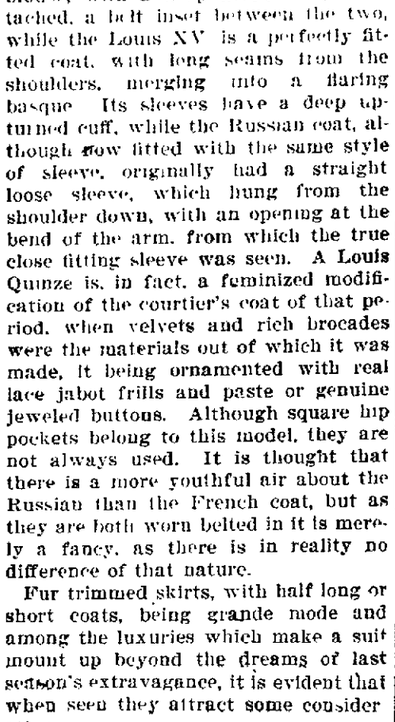
STYLES OF THE DAY.

Russian and Louis XV. Dress Coats. Velvet Pedagotes.

There is a little confusion in the minds of many concerning two dress coats, one the Russian, the other the Louis XV., which comes from a want of close observation in most cases. The Russian coat is more or less of a blouse, with a deep fitted basque attached, a belt inset between the two, while the Louis XV. is a perfectly fitted coat, with long seams from the shoulders, merging into a flaring basque. Its sleeves have a deep upturned cuff, while the Russian coat, although now fitted with the same style of sleeve, originally had a straight loose sleeve, which hung from the shoulder down, with an opening at the bend of the arm, from which the true close fitting sleeve was seen. A Louis Quinze is, in fact, a feminized modification of the courtier's coat of that period, when velvets and rich brocades were the materials out of which it was made, it being ornamented with real lace jabot frills and paste or genuine jeweled buttons. Although square hip pockets belong to this model, they are not always used. It is thought that there is a more youthful air about the Russian than the French coat, but as they are both worn belted in it is merely a fancy, as there is in reality no difference of that nature.

Fur trimmed skirts, with half long or short coats, being grande mode and among the luxuries which make a suit mount up beyond the dreams of last season's extravagance, it is evident that when seen they attract some consideration.

Velvet redingotes have always been favorites, and especially do they suit



VISITING GOWN AND EVENING CLOAK

that medium height among women which in a generation or two promises either to vanish or become a rare sight, so tall are all the girls of the day grown to be. A trailing redingote, well open in front and bordered with fur, will add several inches to one's height. Very beautiful is one of hunter's green velvet, the petticoat front of white satin applied with an allover design of white cloth. The same satin and cloth work is seen in its wide sailor collars and revers, the fur bordering here being of Alaska fur, also very dark and long haired. Upon the wide cuffs the cloth application is repeated, with additions of large ornamental buttons. A few buttons to match finish the fronts, while glimpses of an Irish lace waist with a high neckband is the very softness needed. One confesses to thinking it somewhat stiff and formal to repeat the cloth and satin applications upon petticoat and coat trimming. Some lace upon collar and cuffs would have been an improvement, yet this t llet bis the prestige of authority which one is not apt to dispute. The beauty of the wearer in her white hat and feathers will forbid anything but praise and compliment once she enters a room wearing this mod sh combination of green and white, says Vogue, which is the source of the fashion and models here given.

One figure represents a visiting gown of Russian velvet over the same color of taffeta. With this are worn a silver fox stole and muff and picture hat of black velvet and ostrich plumes. The other figure shows an evening cloak of cadet blue French camel's hair cheviot, lined throughout with ivory white satin. The picture hat is of white felt, piped with black velvet and trimmed with yellow tea roses and foliage.

A Point In Darning.

Loosely twisted knitting silk is better for darning woolen underwear than wool, which is apt to shrink. If the threads of the darn are left loose, after washing it will have about the same appearance as the original texture.

Fashion Echoes.

The storm collar when used at all, is, as a rule, much modified, while the boa is cut roundly so that it sets flatter round the throat, and the collar on the jacket is invariably turned down.

The long sloping shoulder is the newest effect in the separate waists that do all around duty both for day and evening.

Nets of all sorts of dots and meshes, the square being the latest, are in high fashion for evening gowns.

Albatross cloth is used in light shades for linings to silk skirts, black or colored, for street wear in winter.

A HISTORIC ESTATE

THE STORY OF FAMOUS OLD BATTLE ABBEY.

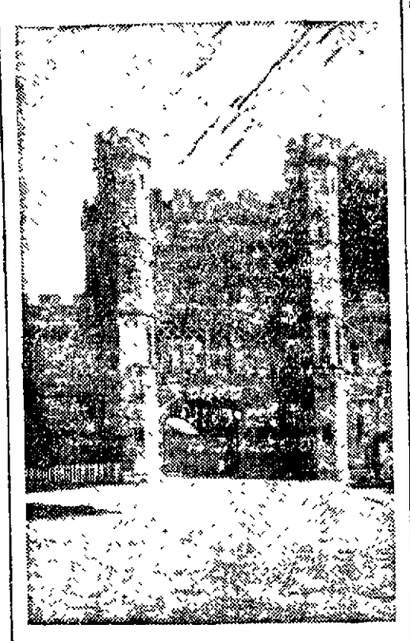
Erected by William the Conqueror to Commemorate His Victory—Its Founding In A. D. 1066 and Its Many Vicissitudes.

"Going—going—gone!" cried the auctioneer at a recent sale in London, and then was sold a piece of property which, from its association with the battle of Hastings, is inseparably bound up with the story of the British nation. It was no less a place than Battle abbey, erected by William the Conqueror in 1066 to commemorate his victory.

Since the time of the first William it has had many owners and has now become the property of Sir Augustus Frederick Webster. The new owner is a descendant of Sir Thomas Webster, who bought the abbey from Viscount Montague in 1719 and whose family retained possession of it for 137 years.

Battle abbey is situated near Battle, Sussex. The town was formerly called Epiton and received its present name from being the spot on which the Saxons, under Harold, were defeated by William, duke of Normandy, in 1066. The Norman duke, marching from Pevensey, a few miles away, where he had landed, found the Saxons intrenched behind a stockade on ground which lies within the inclosure of the Battle estate. So stubborn was the defense that the fate of the day was uncertain until William ordered his archers to shoot upward. An arrow pierced Harold's eye, and he fell, with a few of his earls faithful to the last. After the battle Duke William, known as the Conqueror, founded a magnificent abbey to commemorate his victory. The high altar in the church is said to have stood on the very spot where the body of the Saxon prince was found.

The abbey was intrusted to the Benedictine order and enjoyed for 500 years great celebrity. The church was consecrated on Feb. 11, 1094, during a visit of William Rufus to Hastings, and the occupants of the original abbey came from the Benedictine monastery of Marmoutier-les-Tours, on the banks of the Loire, founded by St. Martin as a refuge of privacy. In the middle of the sixteenth century the abbey, which had fallen into a deplorable condition, was granted by Henry VIII. to one Gilmartin Gilmer, who, having pulled



BATTLE ABBEY.

down many of the buildings, sold the lands to the king's master of the horse, Sir Anthony Browne, "the same who had the courage to bring to his royal master the fatal message of death."

Sir Anthony, without losing any time, at once began building operations, and the present splendid old manor house was finished by his son, Viscount Montague. The next owner was Sir Thomas Webster, and the Webster family sold it to Lord Henry Vane, who ultimately became Duke of Cleveland. On the death of the Duchess of Cleveland, who for a long time had been its chatelaine, Battle abbey, the lordship of the manor and the several thousand acres of land passed into the possession of Captain Forester, who has just sold it at auction.

The recent sale of Battle abbey recalls an amusing anecdote of the late Duchess of Cleveland, who was one of the wittiest women of her generation. Her grace was present at a certain dinner party given by a well known American millionaire by way of housewarming his new palatial offices on the Thames embankment. The host was pointing out to his distinguished guests the various beauties of the establishment, enlarging especially on the splendor and cost of the grand staircases of alabaster and onyx. Becoming a little wearied by these encomiums, the duchess finally interrupted him with:

"Yes, it is very fine, extremely fine—so much finer than my staircases at Raby and Battle, but those, you know, have been sadly damaged by the mailed heels of crusaders tramping up and down them."

A legend of Battle abbey is that while Sir Anthony was celebrating his housewarming in the abbot's hall a monk appeared, strode up to the dais and pronounced a solemn malediction on the despoiler of the church—"By fire and water your line shall come to an end and perish out of the land." Some discern in subsequent events the entire fulfillment of the curse. The family mansion at Cowdray was completely destroyed by fire, the eighth Lord Montague was drowned in the Rhine in a rash attempt to shoot the falls of Laudenburg, and finally in 1815 the last two male descendants of the Montagues were drowned off Rognor.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a deep mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney troubles," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitter wholly cured me, and, although 73 year old, I now am able to do all my house work." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Baltzly's drug store.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at Baltzly's.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at Baltzly's drug store.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies, but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

Ten cents will buy trial size of Ely's Cream Balm; enough to convince you that it is the greatest of remedies for nasal catarrh or cold in the head. Full size 5 cents. All druggists. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.
153 Second St., Albany, N. Y.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—I suffered greatly with catarrh and tried different remedies without effect. After using one bottle of your Cream Balm I found relief and I cannot praise too highly such a remedy.

Sept. 27, 1899. Miss Cora Willard.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

That Means Rheumatism.

Sore and swollen joints, sharp, shooting pains, torturing muscles, no rest, no sleep. That means rheumatism. It is a stubborn disease to fight, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm has conquered it thousands of times. It will do so whenever the opportunity is offered. Try it. One application relieves the pain. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

The earliest mirrors of which mention is made in history were in use among the Israelites in the time of Moses. That gentleman, as recorded in the Bible, commanded in a certain emergency that these articles should be transformed into wash basins for the priests. They were made of brass. Doubtless similar utensils of this and other materials were in use long before that. At that same period black glass was employed for the purpose, as well as transparent glass with black foil on the back. It is related that the Spaniards found mirrors of polished black stone, both convex and concave, among the natives of South America.

"Was it a love marriage, do you think?"

"Certainly. All marriages are love marriages."

"Isn't that rather a sweeping statement?"

"Not at all. There are love of adventure, you know, love of luxury, love of advertising and various other kinds of love. There is no need of going into details when one speaks of a love marriage."

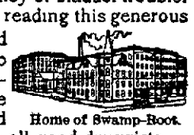
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

SICK MADE WELL WEAK MADE STRONG.

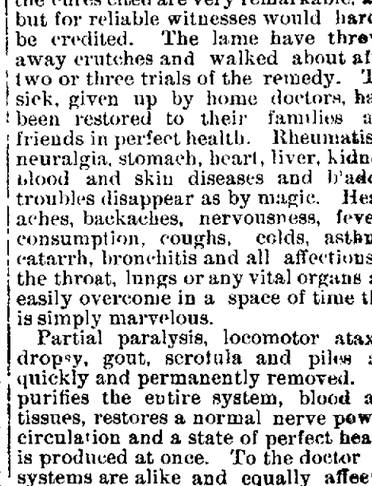
Marvelous Elixir of Life Discovered by Famous Doctor-Scientist That Cures Every Known Ailment.

Wonderful Cures Are Effected That Seem Like Miracles Performed—The Secret of Long Life of Olden Times Revived.

The Remedy is Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

After years of patient study, and delving into the dusty record of the past, as well as following modern experiments in the realms of medical science, Dr. James W. Kidd, 2960 First National Bank building, Fort Wayne, Ind., makes the startling announcement that he has surely discovered the elixir of life. That he is able with the aid of a mysterious compound, known only to himself, produced as a result of the years he has spent in searching for this precious life-giving boon, to cure any and every disease that is known to the human body. There is no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claim and the remarkable cures that he is daily effecting seems to bear him out very strongly. His theory which he advances is one of reason and based on sound experience in a medical practice of many years. It costs nothing to try his remarkable "Elixir of Life," as he calls it, for he sends it free, to anyone who is a sufferer, in sufficient quantities to convince of its ability, so there is absolutely no risk to run. Some of the cures cited are very remarkable, and but for reliable witnesses would hardly be credited. The lame have thrown away crutches and walked about after two or three trials of the remedy. The sick, given up by home doctors, have been restored to their families and friends in perfect health. Rheumatism, neuralgia, stomach, heart, liver, kidney, blood and skin diseases and bladder troubles disappear as by magic. Headaches, backaches, nervousness, fevers, consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, catarrh, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs or any vital organs are easily overcome in a space of time that is simply marvelous.

Partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, dropsy, gout, scrotula and piles are quickly and permanently removed. It purifies the entire system, blood and tissues, restores a normal nerve power, circulation and a state of perfect health is produced at once. To the doctor all systems are alike and equally affected by this great "Elixir of Life." Send for the remedy today. It is free to every sufferer. State what you want to be cured of and the sure remedy for it will be sent you free by return mail.



DR JAMES WILLIAM KIDD.

THE 25c. FAMILY DOCTOR.

CEDAR SPRINGS, MICH.—Mrs. Isaac Dunham, a well-known lady of that place, writes: "I cannot praise Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills too much. They did for me what doctors and other medicines could not do. I was troubled with severe disorders of the kidneys and enlargement of the liver. My family doctor treated me the whole of last winter, but did not help me very much, so I gave him up and began using Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The result was simply wonderful. I am now strong and healthy again, thanks to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

SHENANDOAH, PA.—Sylvester Pappert of No. 117 South Main St., says: "For twenty years past I have been troubled with constipation and kidney trouble and during that time I have taken dozens of packages of different remedies but none of them did me any good. The secretions were irregular and unnatural. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and since using them the action of the kidneys is normal and regular and their general cathartic effect is good."

DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Genuine bear portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase. 25c. at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by E. S. Craig.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

It takes not less than twelve years to produce a serviceable red cedar post from the time of planting the tree.

The Poland-China hog has not only been a mortgage extinguisher, but a lusty builder of bank accounts for the men who raise him these late years.

Horticulturists work hard in vain to originate either a yellow aster or a blue chrysanthemum. Nature is cranky in her color schemes, and there are some things which she will not let man do.

We have a friend who owns a ten acre orange orchard in California. He tells us that one year with another this orchard pays him a net dividend of 12 per cent per annum upon a valuation of $1,000 per acre.

It will always be that the man who has a herd of healthy hogs when all his neighbors are losing theirs with the cholera will enjoy a carnal satisfaction which would be denied him if his neighbors were as favored as he.

More care should be used in the matter of giving the hogs a change of food. Many of the losses in the herds are caused by using no sense in changing rations. Especially is this true when the pigs are taken from the grass and first fed corn.

The Murphy seems to be at home in Alaska. 25,000 bushels having been raised in that far north territory the past season by just two men. They were good ones, too, for the farther north a potato can be grown the better will be its quality.

A friend of ours who has been and is still an extensive raiser of hogs tells us that the average price which he has received for the past five years for his hogs has been $4.20 per hundredweight. This makes an average price of 42 cents per bushel for all the corn fed these hogs.

The doing of the farm chores should not be piled on to the top of a hard day's work in the case of the hired man. Ten hours' work in the field and then ten cows to milk is calculated to take the feather edge off the youth who aspires to a knowledge of practical agriculture.

The most benignant climate of this country is to be found in those parts of the Pacific slope where normal climatic conditions are modified and tempered by the influence of the Japan current, a country where all that is best in grain, fruit or flower attains its highest degree of perfection.

We have a friend who always keeps his seed corn in the field over winter, letting it remain in the husk until spring, when he gathers it. He tells us that corn so kept never fails to germinate. Such seed corn is pretty well cared for when one looks at it. It ripens and becomes thoroughly dried and the husk affords an almost perfect protection. Anyhow, be this way right or wrong, it is nature's way, and she does not often err.

Only the very hardiest in man, vegetable and animal can survive in these intercontinental latitudes where the mercury has a range of 160 degrees. The small, underfed rice eater of a Filipino if planted down in central Minnesota and clad in a fur coat and sent to the timber after a load of wood when the mercury was 10 degrees below would only make about one trip before he would turn up his toes and migrate to the heathen heaven.

We were at a country home not long since, and just as soon as the evening meal was finished grandpa, an old man of eighty-two, immediately proceeded to clear up the table, gathering all the dishes up and removing them to the kitchen, then sweeping up the crumbs from table and floor as nicely and neatly as any woman could have done the work. Asking why he did this, we were told that for many years he had cared for an invalid wife and had become very handy and capable in the doing of housework, and now in his last days the habit clung to him, and he was permitted to do this sort of work to please him.

The very hardest thing for some men to do is protect themselves. When approached by some gentlemanly, smooth talking representative of some fake or fraud, they have not the moral courage to obey their first impulse and bid the fellow begone in a curt and businesslike way, but fear to be considered impolite, and so listen to the plausible story, feeling their power to protect themselves slipping away little by little until they succumb and fall an easy victim to the wiles of the sharper. It takes sand to say "Git," and many a man would be hundreds of dollars better off did he but have the sand to say this inelegant but expressive word at the proper time and place.

You will probably find it easier to fool some grown man than that ten-year-old kid of yours when you do something mean.

One weather prophet now comes forward and avers that because the wasps have hung their paper nests low down on the tree it will be a mild winter.

All women admire beautiful arms and would like to possess them. In this connection we may say that the arm such as the Venus de Milo lost is best developed over the hot suds and the washtub.

The north country, belted and blanketed with deep snows of winter, escapes the loss by erosion and washing away of soil fertility which the south country has to endure as a result of the excessive winter rains.

The Champion and Bokara peaches have been grown successfully the past year at least 100 miles north of what was supposed to be the limit of peach culture, while large areas in Kansas and Nebraska are proving to be first class peach growing territory.

There never has been a time when there were so many new men—chaps who live by their wits—interested in the small savings of the farmers of the country and lying awake nights to devise some plan whereby the grunger may be relieved of such savings.

We know of a farmer who recently paid $70 for a stack of wheat straw containing not over ten or twelve loads, and a very few years ago this man always had match lit to fire the straw produced on his farm just as soon as the separator was hauled away from the field.

Kings are costly and cruel luxuries. At the coming coronation banquet of the king of England no less than a thousand skylarks are to be sacrificed to make a lark pie for his majesty. No wonder the skylark soars as near heaven as it can for the chance to sing its sweet notes.

The commission men of Minneapolis met with a committee of the Minnesota State Horticultural society during its last meeting to discuss the matter of fruit packages. It developed during the interview that there never had yet been enough Wealthy apples grown to begin to supply the demand when they were packed in neat boxes holding less than a bushel each.

There is just one reason and one only which fully explains the difference in prices of farm lands in the old settled eastern states and the farm lands lying in the Mississippi valley, and that is soil fertility. While the scientist may the average farmer cannot profitably operate depleted soils with fertilizers, and so it comes that the impoverished acres are being neglected for the richer and more productive soils of the valley.

A BIG FALL IN TEMPERATURE.

In middle December a remarkable fall in temperature occurred all through the central west—a drop in the mercury of 56 degrees inside of thirty-six hours. It is needless to say that this was a trying experience not only for men, but for stock and all sorts of fruit. Only the hardiest types can stand such extremes of temperature. Compare such radical changes of temperature with the climate of some of those Elysian corners of the earth where the entire variation of the temperature is not to exceed 20 degrees during the entire year and it is easy to understand why some forms of vegetable and animal life may exist in one place and not in the other.

HIS TURN CAME.

A friend who, for some reason never fully explained, had been exempt from the ravages of cholera in his large herd of hogs, while all his neighbors had at different times had their herds depleted, thought he had a cinch on the disease and was given very respectful attention at the farm institute while he explained his methods of preventing the disease, which he did in a somewhat boastful manner. A miserable skeptic in the audience unfeelingly ventured the opinion that it was not his treatment and care which prevented the disease, but just a case of his turn not having yet come, at which the speaker got quite huffy. But the next year when the institute met he could hardly be got to say a word about hogs and when cornered was forced to admit that his hired men were burying the last of a herd of 200 hogs when he left home that morning.

THE DIFFERENCE.

There is an almost utter lack among the farm help in this country, whether it be the hired man or the hired help in the farm home, of that patience, docility and contentment with existing conditions which is such a marked feature of the same class of help in European countries. The hired man here never takes real kindly to working for some other man and is made continually discontented by his ambition to get a farm of his own and boss some other fellow, while the hired girl stays more as an accommodation and to help out in a pinch and is ready to run off with the hired man at the drop of the hat. In Europe it is very different. There the ability to hire other people confers a certain amount of prestige and respect, and those who are hired, not rid of the cringing and slavish inherited tendency born of the earlier despotisms, ever refer with pride to the fact that they are in the employ of those who hire them, and they are stayers, too, for the domestic twenty years in the service of one family and the farm hand working on the same farm and doing the same work his grandfather did are no uncommon things to find.

THE COUNTRY SUMMER HOME.

A city resident writes us for suggestions how best to utilize and improve a country home place of ten acres. Very much will depend upon the natural tastes of the owner. A good many city people want all the conveniences, appliances and comforts of their city home transferred to their country summer home. We would not. This summer outing in the country will be every way more enjoyable and beneficial if invested to as large an extent as possible with purely rural surroundings, an old fashioned country home, with its accessories, being the ideal type. There should be cows for milk and cream, a garden to furnish vegetables and small fruits and poultry in good numbers. Dress suits, opera glasses and silverware should be left with the gas, electric lights, street cars, telephones, six course dinners, butlers and liveried coachmen. The kids should be turned out barefooted to revel in country liberty and rejoice in rural pleasures. Make the bill of fare of the plainest—milk, cream, eggs, fruits and vegetables. Recognize no company save as it may accept the family fare. Leave The Ladies' Home Journal and fashion and society periodicals at home and wear a seventy-five cent Mother Hubbard wrapper if a woman and a chip hat and a ten dollar suit of "hand me downs" if a man, and let the kids be as near little heathen in a physical sense as they are capable of being. Shut out everything which savors of formality, style and social burdens. Rest and recuperate. Get tanned and toughened. Live close to the earth, and return in the fall to city shams, hypocrisy and insincerity renovated in mind and body.

THE FORTY ACRE FARM.

We are asked how a forty acre farm located near a good town can be operated so as to secure the best returns. The small farm located near a commercial and manufacturing center enjoys some rare advantages. One important thing is that a large supply of valuable fertilizers are available at cheap rates—street sweepings, the products of the many town barns and livery stables and stockyards of the railway companies. This enables one to grow crops which pull heavily on the soil without damage to the farm. In many places no better use could be made of such a farm than to devote it exclusively to furnishing a milk and cream supply for such city and the keeping of as many hens as possible, for pure milk and fresh eggs are always most salable commodities and very profitable to the producer. The land might also be used to advantage as a vegetable garden—the growing of early potatoes, cabbage, tomatoes, celery and asparagus—while strawberries, raspberries and other small fruits could be made to pay well. To make money we had rather have a forty acre farm contiguous to the certain market of a good city than a 160 acre farm way out in the country devoted to the growing of such staples as cotton, wheat, corn, hogs and cattle. The successful operation of such a farm demands the best type of intensive agriculture, two crops from the land in a year and a studied effort to produce the best in quality.

THE CANNING FACTORY SWINDLE.

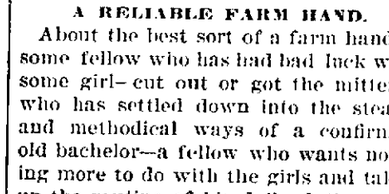
There is another hole into which you can drop your wad mighty easy, and that is those gold plated schemes promoted by men who seek to establish canning and pickling factories at every cross-roads. They spin a smoother yarn than the devil did to Eve. While under proper conditions and when engineered by reliable home men the establishment of a canning factory in a community may be made of great benefit, it is very easy to put them where from the very nature of things they can never be a success, just as it was and is now with the establishment of creameries in those localities where the farmers were all hog, horse and beef and not cow. Creameries must have milk, and canning factories must have raw material to work with and a market for their product, the latter being often the most important thing of all. There should be a whole lot of deliberation and care before going at these canning schemes.

A RELIABLE FARM HAND.

About the best sort of a farm hand is some fellow who has had bad luck with some girl—cut out or got the mitten—who has settled down into the steady and methodical ways of a confirmed old bachelor—a fellow who wants nothing more to do with the girls and takes up the routine of his daily duties with a reliability and fidelity of an old work horse. He is almost certain to be a mighty handy and useful hand around the house and a great help to the women folks. Then he eats well and sleeps well, and you always know where he is after 9 o'clock at night. While in a sentimental way there is something almost pathetic about such a man, he is none the less a most useful member of society. Such a man is worth $5 a month more on a farm than some chap who works all day and runs all night.

SCHEMES AND SCHEMERS.

If the farmers generally are in receipt of as many glittering prospectuses describing the great fortunes to be made in oil wells and mines as we are, it will be a wonder if some of them do not fall from grace and swap their bank accounts for finely engraved stock certificates in these wildcat enterprises. Just let them all alone. These strangers are playing you for a sucker. You have got your hard earned money where it is safe. Bite at these schemes, and it will be as completely gone as though you had stuck it into the stove and burned it up.



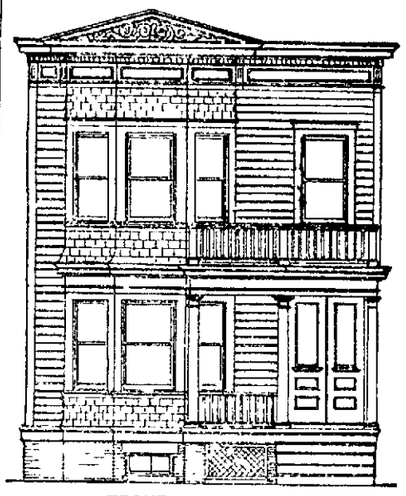
TWO FAMILY HOUSE.

Twelve Room Dwelling That Should Prove a Good Investment.

[Copyright, 1902, by C. H. Venn, 41 West Twenty-fourth street, New York.]

The two family house herewith described should prove a good investment. It is intended to be built on the outskirts of a town and is arranged so that each family will occupy a separate floor.

The cellar has two entrances, one from the yard and the other from the



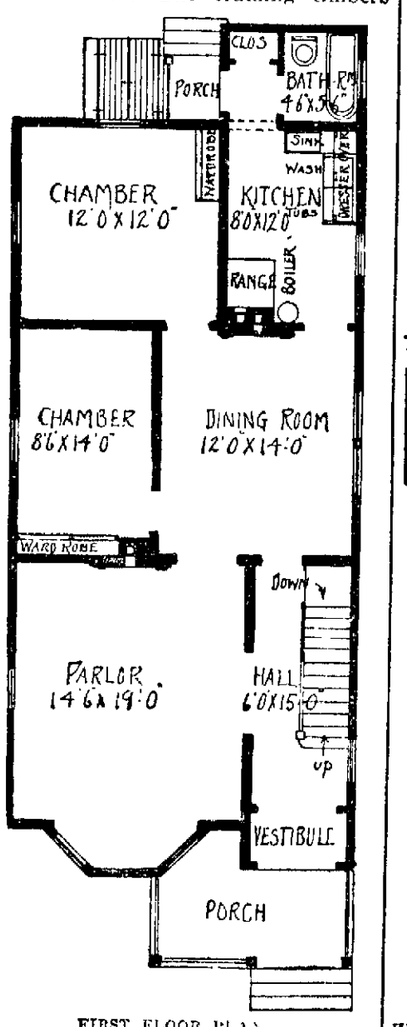
FRONT ELEVATION.

hall on the ground floor, and is provided with coal and store bins for both families.

The house is entered by a covered porch and through a vestibule to the hall. To the right of the hall is the parlor, with a bay window, and in the rear of the parlor is a chamber, with a built in wardrobe. To the right of this chamber is the dining room, with a double window. In back is another chamber, with wardrobe, and to the right of this is the kitchen, provided with sink, washtubs, dresser and range, with boiler. Back of the kitchen are the bathroom and porch, with stair to the yard.

The second floor is very similar to the first.

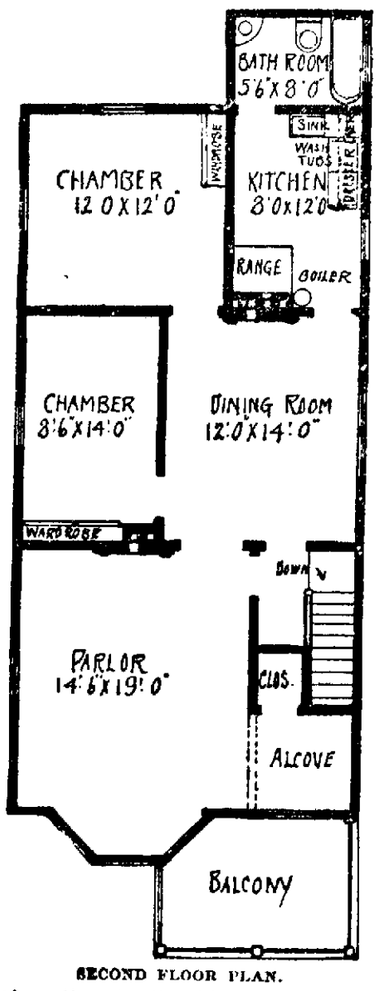
The foundation walls are of hard burned brick. The framing timbers



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

are of well seasoned spruce, built in balloon style. Paint the walls yellow, with white trimmings and red sash, and put red paint on the roof.

The interior of house is of white pine, with molded base and trim, and



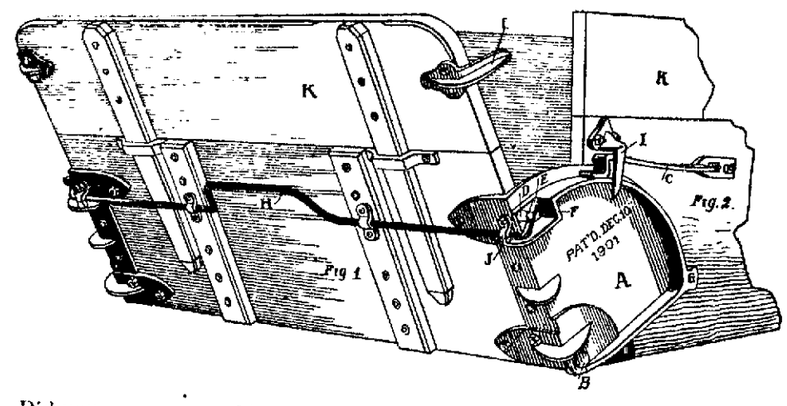
SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

wainscoting in the kitchen. The interior woodwork should be given two coats of white paint, and the walls should be papered.

Dimensions.—Front, 22 feet; side, 50 feet. Height of stories: Cellar, 7 feet 6 inches; first, 9 feet 6 inches; second, 9 feet. Cost to build, $3,500.

LOOK HERE!

Farmer and Teamster.



Did you ever see anything so handy as the "Handy Endgate?"

All you need to do to open this endgate is to take hold of the handle marked "H" and pull toward you and it will open as if by magic, forming a shoveling board, which will support a half ton if desired. To close it you just push it forward, and it will fasten itself

Whether shut or open the box can never spread. It is always held firm. There are no endgate rods to loosen. No endgate to take out and let lay. No side braces needed No boot necessary. When building a new box you save the cost of end gate, endgate rods, plates, cleates, box straps, side braces, and boot, and by deducting this cost from the cost of our "Handy Endgate" your box will cost you but a trifle more to have one put on.

You cannot afford to be without one, even though you put it on your old box No wagon is complete without it, for you know it has been a long-felt want, but it has at last been invented, for your good, and for the benefit of all who have any use for a wagon. It will save you from five to ten minutes on every load of corn or coal you may haul. The time saved by the use of the "Handy Endgate" will soon pay the cost of it We solicit your order and will guarantee it to give the best of satisfaction or money refunded.

Write for terms and prices. Agents wanted. We thank you in advance for your order. Manufactured by

J. M. GROFF & E. P. COULTER,
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CLOSING OUT SALE.

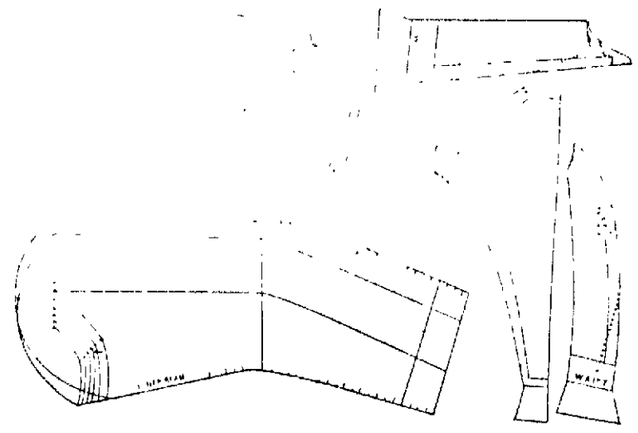
Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. for.....$1.00
C Sugar, 25 lbs for.....$1.00
Navy Beans per quart.....6c
Jumbo Pick es per doz.....10c
3 doz. for 25c.
Gloss Soap per cake.....3c
Swiss Pride per cake.....3c
Fel's Naptha, per cake.....4c
Ivory, per cake.....4c
White Floating, per cake.....2½c

COFFEES

Dannemiller's, XXXX, Capital, Lion. .....11c per pound.

S. F. WEFLER.

Free to Subscribers.



THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has secured a limited number of the famous "Home Dressmakers' Chart" which will be given Free to every subscriber to the Evening Independent who pays three months in advance, and to every subscriber to the Semi-weekly paid up for one year. The Chart is of inestimable value to all women who do their own dressmaking.

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UNION LABEL

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1902

The re-election of the Hon. Joseph Benson Foraker to the United States Senate for a term of six years is in accordance with the decision of the voters of Ohio who passed on this matter last November. Although Republican legislators who voted for the senator on Tuesday followed the dictates of their political consciences and carried out the will of the people expressed at the ballot box, they nevertheless have reason to be as proud of their action as Ohio is proud of Senator Foraker.

The reports at the fourth annual meeting of the McClymonds Public Library Association which appear in ful in another column, show a satisfactory growth in the business and general usefulness of that valuable institution. It cannot fail to be a source of great pleasure to all those who take an interest in the accomplishments of the library to note that there is no department in the city that is more economically administered and none where the results are as great in proportion to the expenditures.

Mr. Eli Minch, "the learned farmer" of New Jersey, who died the other day, avoided a great many things which make our stay on earth more or less entertaining and desirable. Mr. Minch never smoked, chewed, drank; never went to the circus or theater, never played cards, checkers, dominoes; never skated with a girl. Never was in love; never married. "The poor man," observes the New York Sun, "What did he do? What fun did he have during his little hour upon this scene."

The amount of new railway construction in the United States during the year just closed was about 5,000 miles, about 1,000 miles more than the new mileage of the preceding year. This increase represents a considerable addition to the existing mileage but does not point to any revival of the phenomenal railway building of the period from 1880 to 1890. What is taking place now is said to be a healthful growth to meet actual needs. The astonishing development of electric railway systems during the last few years furnishes means of transportation which competes with steam railway lines and is to be taken into consideration when comparing railway construction figures.

Monday, for the second time, Gov. George K. Nash has had conferred upon him the highest office in the gift of the people of Ohio. He has had a long line of illustrious predecessors, and the maintenance of the brilliant record which attaches to the office calls for qualities of the highest order. Governor Nash enters upon his second term under peculiarly favorable auspices. He has been a factor in the party whose principles have brought about the present era of prosperity; he has kept intact the splendid republican majority in the state of Ohio, and has seen the amicable adjustment of a slight discord within the party, leaving no bad feeling and no weakness in its organization. The governor has before him a broad field of usefulness. He can devote to his executive duties a mind free from distraction and can command the loyal support of an individual party and an individual state.

The farmer is usually the last person benefited by waves of prosperity. This has been illustrated in every instance of the fat years that always succeed the lean ones, the iron industry usually leading off and the various manufacturing interests following. It is very natural that this should be so because of the greater number of men employed in the manufacturing industries and their greater capacity for consuming the products of the farm. These conditions, of course, balance themselves. The value of farm lands is now rapidly advancing from the low valuations to which they were sunk during the period of depression, preceding the year 1896. The state of Iowa has recently been heard from in the way of sales of lands with only ordinary improvements, at values ranging from $60 to $75 per acre. The same conditions may naturally be expected to effect all farm lands, and Ohio, of course, will come in for her full share. There is a very large area of valuable land lying in the northwestern corner of the state that has not until quite recently been cultivated or in any way improved. The swampy tracts of Henry and Wood counties and those lying contiguous, have been drained by a system of ditches constructed at public expense. These lands are proving to be very fertile and will in time rank among the most valuable in Ohio or elsewhere. The farmers have reason to congratulate themselves, knowing that their long wait is to be rewarded, the rapidly increasing valuation of their lands making them desirable investments.

IMMIGRATION AND THE CENSUS

Interesting deductions from the returns of the last census relative to the nativity of the people in the United States are presented in the National Geographic magazine. Of every 1,000 person living in this country in 1900, it appears that 863 were born in the United States and only 137 outside the borders of the country. In 1890, on the other hand, of every 1,000 persons, 852 were native and 148 foreign-born. During the ten years, the native-born increased at nearly double the rate of increase of the foreign-born, the former increasing 22.5 per cent and the latter only 12.4 per cent. If we exclude the foreign-born counted in Hawaii, Alaska, and at militatry and naval stations abroad, in the United States itself the foreign element increased by only 1,091,727, or 1.18 per cent, whereas during the preceding decade it increased by 2,569,04, or 38.5 per cent; that is, during the last ten years the foreign element increased at less than one-third of its rate of increase during the preceding decade.

In absolute numbers, there was an addition to our native-born population of 12,081,637, and to our foreign-born of 1,154,994.

SUGAR DUTIES ON AND OFF.

The American Economist says that by the removal of the duty on sugar from Cuba the American people are asked to consent to a loss of treasury revenues amounting to about $50,000,000 a year and to continue to pay an equivalent amount in the class of internal revenue imports known as war taxes. They are also asked to consent that some millions of acres of farming lands now profitably employed in growing sugar beets shall be turned back to the less profitable growing of wheat and corn, because of the free imporattion of Cuba's raw sugar product.

Some consolation for these heavy sacrifices in behalf of Cuba is held out to American farmers and taxpayers in the shape of a promise that the price of sugar will be reduced to American consumers. Nobody believes this, however. The sugar trust, which has already taken time by the forelock by arranging to control the Cuban sources of supply, is not going to divide the profits with domestic consumers. It is not built that way. The price of sugar will remain the same, duty or no duty on the Cuban output. The only difference would be that the duty taken off the government would lose $50,000,000 of annual revenue, the people would continue to pay $50,000,000 a year in war taxes which could and should be abolished, and the domestic sugar producing interests in fifteen or twenty states of the Union would be driven out of business. And all for the benefit of Havemeyer and the trusts.

FARMER'S PARADISE.

A writer in a recent issue of Leslie's Weekly says that nowhere in the world does agriculture approach the improtance it occupies in the United States. With but one or two exceptions no crop grown abroad equals that of our agriculturists, while in many crops we not only surpass every other country but all countries combined. There are two reasons for the pre-eminence. The magnitude of our home market, which consumes fully 90 per cent of our products, and the diversification of our crops, which serves to utilize the largest possible acreage and give employment to our large farming population.

Forty per cent of our people are farmers, who not only feed and clothe themselves, but all the rest of the inhabitants, besides exporting annually $1,000,000,000 worth of their products. The advantages of the United States farmer have been shown most vividly last fall. Though many crops were smaller than usual, yet our farmers will realize more than in any previous year of our history. The total value of our products of agriculture is between $8,000,000,000 and $9,000,000,000, a stupendous sum, and yet it means only a per capita consumption of $100 a year for what we eat, the basis of what we wear, and much that enters into the construction of our dwellings and furniture. The farmer of the United States is blessed over all the farmers of the earth in opportunty, in contributory agencies and in the consequent compensation that rewards his labor with prosperity and happiness.

Cut this out and take it to E. S. Craig, Z. I. Baltzly or Rider & Snyder's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Read the "want" column daily

ANNUAL MEETING.

Officers' Reports to Library Association.

THREE TRUSTEES ARE ELECTED.

Mrs. C. McCullough Everhard, J. W. McClymonds and C. A. Gates Will Serve Another Three Years — Statistics of Circulation for 1901 — Reports of Librarian and Treasurer.

The fourth annual meeting of the McClymonds Public Library Association was held in the library reading rooms Monday evening. President J. W. McClymonds of the library board of trustees presided, C. A. Gates acting as secretary. Reports from the president, treasurer and librarian were read and accepted. The election of three trustees to serve three years resulted in the re-election of Mrs. C. McCullough Everhard, J. W. McClymonds and C. A. Gates. The president's report was brief and referred to matters covered at length in the other reports, which were as follows:

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Trustees of the McClymond's Public Library:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Herewith is submitted a report of the work of the McClymond's public library for the year ending Dec. 31, 1901, it being the third in the history of the library.

Accessions—According to last year's annual report the library contained 9,716 volumes. As shown by the detailed statement for 1901 the additions by donations, purchases and the binding of periodicals amounted to 1,020 volumes, making a total upon the accession books, Jan. 1, 1902, of 10,736 volumes. Of the 1,020 volumes added during the past year 101 were gifts, and 18 newly bound magazines. The German books for which we asked last year, have been supplied to the number of about 50, and have been widely circulated and apparently greatly enjoyed. Our set of the Century Magazine has been completed by the addition of some missing early volumes, and it is hoped that each year may see the completion of at least one set of the many periodicals represented upon our shelves. Annotated lists of the new books added to the library have been printed at intervals during the year, through the courtesy of the local newspapers, and seem to have proved acceptable and helpful to our readers. Duplicate copies of the more popular books, and the "Reserve Postal" system in use, serve to gratify the desire of many for an opportunity to read the latest books.

Circulation—The library was open for reference use and the circulation of books 305 days. The total number of volumes issued for home use during that time was 45,074, a daily average of 147.7, and a monthly average of 3,756. The largest circulation on any one day was 440 volumes on Saturday, Feb. 23rd, the smallest 61, on Friday, Aug. 30th. The usual table is appended, showing circulation by months and by classes. The increase in circulation over that of the previous year was 1,746 volumes with a small but gratifying decrease in the amount of fiction drawn, especially in the children's room. The use per capita of books from the library was 3.7 a ratio reached by very few libraries in cities the size of Massillon. Nearly one person in every three in the city is a library card holder Books were issued during the last year as they were in 1900 to the teachers for use in the schools and it would be well could the privilege be even more widely extended Nothing can quite take the place of the library in the home, but the substitute is the library in the school and no better work can be found for us than the supplying of these books. In this way it is possible to reach not only the children but through them the fathers and mothers and if it be true, as Emerson said, that "The wisest economy is the care and culture of men," then must it be well worth our while to extend in every way possible the wider culture and broader life that comes with the love and knowledge of good books. We hope that it may not be long before every child in the city will have an acquaintance with books, and the use of the library before he enters high school.

Registration of Readers — There were issued during the year 554 new registration cards, making a total to date of 3,782. Of these 25 were in use by residents of neighboring towns, Canal Fulton, Navarre, Zoar, etc., where library privileges may be had by any responsible person upon the payment of one dollar yearly.

The number of volumes requiring rebinding increases, of course, yearly as the library grows older, but it is gratifying to note that most volumes return from a visit to the binder better fitted to withstand the wear and tear of life than when fresh from their publishers' hands.

The inventory taken last week shows only two volumes missing from the shelves and unaccounted for, both being novels from the main room. The results of the past twelve months make us most hopeful for the coming year. If good measure of success in the past has been ours, it is due largely to the cordial appreciation and support of the people of Massillon, and on these we rely in planning future work. To quote from one of the most successful of library workers, "There is only one solution of all social problems—increase of intelligence and sympathy. This and newspapers, schools and pulpits are useful. But these are all limited in their speech. Politics, personal considerations, undue or misplaced conservatism—these make limitations. The public library is the broadest of teachers, one may say the only free teacher. It begins with the youngest, and when a man is old it is still able and ready to instruct him. Among the things which continually make for happiness, order and prosperity in the community, the public library should surely count as one."

In closing this report thanks are once more due to those who have given books and pamphlets to the library, and to the daily papers for many favors. Especially would the librarian acknowledge on behalf of herself and assistants, the continued interest and thoughtful consideration of the board for the general good of the library, and the furthering of its interests.

Respectfully submitted,
CHARLOTTE D. LEAVITT,
Librarian.

STATISTICAL REPORT.

Main Room—Classed books	7,084
Fiction	21,618
Children's room—Classed books	5,130
Fiction	10,942
Total circulation	45,074

ACCESSIONS, 1901.

No. of volumes in library Jan. 1, 1901	9,716
" " purchased past year	841
" " donated	101
" magazines bound	78
Total accessions, past year	1,020
Total no. volumes in library Jan. 1, 1902	10,736

ACCESSIONS (classified)

General works.	122	Fine Arts	35
Philosophy	22	Literature	88
Religion.	25	Biography	69
Sociology	62	Travel	76
Science.	73	History	37
Philology	3	Fiction	373
Useful Arts	35		

Total accessions, 1901	1,020

PERIODICALS.

No. of periodicals subscribed for	78
" " donated.	10
Total	88

REGISTRATION OF READERS.

Cards in force January 1, 1901	3,228
Cards issued during 1901	554
Total registration	3,782
Out of town subscribers	25

BINDERY.

No of books and magazines newly bound	128
No. of books and magazines rebound	220
No of books repaired in library	3,200

GIFTS TO THE LIBRARY, 1901.

	VOLS.	PAMPH
C. M. Russell	1	
E. A. Jones	10	
Western Reserve University		1
Smithsonian Institute	3	
James Hervey Smith.		1
Glenn Heckert	1	
Mrs. Anna C. Dieterich	3	
The Misses Neal	4	
Hon. R. A. Pollock	8	
David Merwin		24
Buffalo Public Library		1
Public School Library, Columbus, O		1
Public Library, Dayton, O		1
" " Cleveland, O.		1
" " Cedar Rapids, Ia.		1
" " Springfield, Mass.		1
Aguilar Free Library, New York		1
Henry M. Leipziger		1
Brumback Library, Van Wert, O		1
Warren E. Russell	17	2
Miss Jessie Russell	8	
Miss Sarah Folger	77	247
David Merwin		9
Mrs. Lizzie Pitts	7	48
Robert E. Skinner	2	
Miss Elizabeth Folger	4	106
Miss Laura Russell		84
The Misses Neal	2	
Mrs. Slusser, "Art Work Stark Co"		12
Mrs. G. Haverstack		56

Hon. Anthony Howells, subscription to the Cambrian for 4 years.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Fourth annual report of the treasurer of the McClymonds' Public Libraay for the year ending January 13, 1902:

CASH ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Jan. 15	$ 611.49
Received from city for current expenses.	2,066.27
Received from McClymonds' endowment income	1,200.00
Received from association memberships (30).	30.00
Received from library memberships (15)	15.00
Received from fines	111 96
Received on book account	20.94
Received cash for damage to books	4.81
Received from sundries	14.10
Received from rebate on gas	2.32
Total	$4,106.92

EXPENDITURES.

Paid for salaries	$1,360.00
Paid for janitor service and labor	235.55
Paid for insurance	90.00
Paid for books, magazines and periodicals	996.86
Paid for binding magazines and repairing books,	191.70
Paid for light (13) months,	108.33
Paid Eastern Ohio Co. for gas	67.14
Paid for water	14.50
Paid for gas burner and light bulbs	16.20
Paid for library supplies	70.14
Paid for express, freight and drayage	12.12
Paid for incidentals	19.16
Total	$3,181.70
Balance on hand Jan. 13, 1902	$925.22

ENDOWMENT ACCOUNT.

Balance on hand Jan. 15, 1901	$ 611.46
Received during the year	1,223 69
	1,835 15
Paid out on endowment account	1,183 61
Balance in endowment fund	$ 651 54

CURRENT EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

Balance on hand Jan 15, 1901	$ 30 03
Received during the year	2,241 71
	2,271 77
Paid out during the year	1,998 09
Balance in current expense fund	$ 273 68

Respectfully submitted.
E. A. JONES, Treas

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SOAP DIGNITY.

IT IS easy to find a pure soap; it is easy to find a cheap one. The problem is to find both combined; a soap that is pure yet inexpensive. Ivory Soap is the best solution of that problem. It is an original product, evolved after years of experiment and research. It is the most of pure soap for the least money. It stands approved to-day by a second generation of Ivory Soap users.

DEFAULT OF BAIL.

Schaffert and Fogel Sent to County Jail.

WAIVED THE EXAMINATION.

The Line of Defense for Schaffert Will be a Reduction of the Charge to Petit Larceny —Fogel Will Make a Straight Avowal of Innocence.

"Jack" Schaffert and Charles Fogel, charged with stealing $45 worth of copper wire belonging to the Light, Heat and Power Company, waived examination before Mayor Wise Thursday morning. The bail of each was fixed at $500, in default of which they were committed to the county jail to await the calling of their case in the common pleas court.

It is understood that Schaffert admits the stealing of the wire, but wants the offense reduced from grand larceny to petit larceny. He declares that the wire stolen is worth less than $35, and, therefore, the felonious charge cannot be made. Fogel, it is believed, will make a straight defense. Schaffert says Fogel is innocent.

The prisoners had no counsel. They, particularly Schaffert, showed an astonishing knowledge of their privileges and of the laws bearing on the case.

Affiadvit charging the burglary of the Miller saloon, of which the men are also suspected, the mayor says, will not be made till after the present case has been disposed of.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Russell & Co.'s E. M. B. A. Holds its Annual Meeting.

At the annual meeting of the Russell & Co. Employes' Mutual Benefit Association, Monday evening, the following officers were elected: President C. O. Heggem; vice president, C. O. Merwin; secretary, W. P. Fox; treasurer, J. J. Pitts; directors, department B, William Lowe; department D, C. Remely; department H, John Spuhler; department I, George Kinne; department J, F. Fricker; department M, William Blocker; department T, William Grant; director at large, N. Lowery.

Financial statement:—Amount on hand January 1, 1901, $2,186.11; amount received during year, $3,333.50; paid out during the year, $2,642.93; Balance on hand January 1, 1902, $2,876.68. Total received to January 1, 1902, $32,773.00; total paid out, $29,896.32. Membership, 464.

Many Millions for War.

The United States, although regarded as one of the most peaceful nations of the world, spent many millions for war expenses during the past century. People throughout the country are also spending large sums of money in a vain search for a medicine that will absolutely cure indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, flatulency and nervousness. There is only one such medicine, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a household remedy, backed by thousands of testimonials. If you have wasted your money on useless remedies until you have lost hope of getting well again, we would urge you to try this medicine. It brings health to every sufferer. For sale by all druggists. Apply to any one of them for a copy of Hostetter's Almanac for 1902.

BLAZE ON A BOAT.

Captain Malloy's "Bolivar" is Partly Destroyed.

The central fire department was called out Monday evening to extinguish a small blaze in the canal boat "Bolivar," moored near the Paper Company's plant. The roof of the rear cabin had ignited from sparks from a stove within. The cabin was partly burned away when the firemen arrived. The flames could not be entirely extinguished by chemicals and water was used. The boat was occupied by Captain Malloy and family. The loss will probably amount to about $5.

THE DUSKY DIAMOND

East End Search Still in Progress.

THE DRILLERS ARE UNDISMAYED

They Have Not Found the Coal, but They Say There Are Evidences That it is There—Lebanon is Enjoying a Coal Boom —Dalton Hopes.

Drilling for coal east and northeast of the city is still in progress. The Wales farm, which had never been drilled before, and of which the local speculators had expected great things has not yet yielded up much that is rich, though the drillers are confident that it is there. They say that there are all the indications of coal, and that they are bound to find it if they continue drilling.

The Rhodes-Beidler mine, at West Lebanon, which recently resumed operations after a long shut down, is now working every day, averaging about 100 tons a day. Consequently West Lebanon is enjoying the boom that it expected to be its many months ago. Houses are all filled, two families in each of many. Much building is to be done in the spring. The general feeling in Lebanon is that another mine will be sunk in the spring.

Dalton is hoping for a resumption of operations at the Massillon Coal Mining Company's mine known as the Sonnhalter. Though comparatively a new mine, this was one of the first closed down when the new company took possession. Dalton has been pretty flat ever since.

PICKED UP.

Hundreds of Massillon People Volunteer Evidence That Dispels Doubt.

The columns of this paper are day-by-day publishing fresh evidence from Massillon people which establishes more fully the great reputation of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills—the manner in which they take hold of the run down and debilitated is so quickly picked up by their use home evidence is plentiful.

Mr. Chas. Huth, of No. 31 North Mill street, Massilon, O., says: "I was very nervous, debilitated and felt generally miserable—dull, lacked energy. I was advised to try Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and got them at E. S. Craig's drug store, No. 9 South Erie street. The medicine is a fine one—my strength came back, the nerves grew steady and a feeling of energy and life came back. I like the Nerve Pills very much.

Dr A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package.

WANTED—Woman in every city and town to sell our toilet specialties. Good re urns for right person. Address The Lemo Co., P. O. Box 59, Cleveland, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

John Wolfsperger has taken a position as solicitor for the Central Union Telephone Company.

Mrs. Snyder, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Mrs. Mary J. Schwerzler, at 45 West Tremont street.

Mrs. Frank Wade and Miss Lillian Wade left today for Chicago, where they will remain a week.

Alfred J. Thomas, the Wooster attorney found guilty in common pleas court, last week, of perjury, has been sentenced to three years in prisonment in the penitentiary.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Louisa Phillips took place from St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock, the Rev. H. V. Kaempker officiating. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Frank Bast, son of J. J. Bast, while skating backward on the reservoir Saturday evening fell and sustained a bad bruise on his head. He is now quite ill at the home of his parents, in Chestnut street.

Work on the Warwick glass factories goes on rapidly. Superintendent John Gow, formerly an employe of Reed & Company and the Massillon Bottle and Glass Company, hopes to be blowing bottles by Feb. 1.

The scarcity of carrying-in boys last week resulted in the shutting down of two or three shops of the Rhodes Glass Bottle Company's plant at different times. There are now employed in the factories many boys from Navarre, West Brookfield and other roundabout towns.

The only response to the city's advertisement for proposals to erect and operate an electric line along route No. 3 was that submitted by Attorney O. E. Young, and is presumably that of the Northern Ohio Traction Company. The bid will not be opened till the next meeting of the council.

Dr. A. C. Ridout, a specialist, who has practiced in northern Ohio towns, disappeared from Akron yesterday and today his office furniture was attached by creditors, of whom there are many. Ridout claimed to have lost $15,000 in business in Akron. Recently he and his wife separated and since then he has practiced but little.

Invitations have been received in Massillon to the marriage of Miss Julia Douglass Putnam, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Albert B. Putnam, of Mansfield, to Wellington Taylor Leonard, on Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock, at Grace church, Mansfield. Miss Putnam is a granddaughter of Mrs. Julia M. Jarvis, of this city.

One hundred and fifty employes of the Buckeye Engine Works, of Salem, are on a strike. The force has been working every Saturday night overtime without extra pay. Saturday evening the men appointed a committee to wait upon the company to demand extra pay, when, it is said, the committeemen were discharged. Then the balance of the crew threw down their tools and quit. The men are not organized.

Miss Amanda Karrer, of this city, and Roy Meyers, of Seville, were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Karrer, on Columbus Heights, at noon on Sunday. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. W. Lose. An elaborate dinner was afterwards served. The guests included a large number of relatives and friends. Many handsome and useful presents were received.

Officer Ertle, of the Massillon police force, was in Canton this, Monday, morning, attempting to locate 250 pounds of copper wire, valued at $50, which had been stolen from the Massillon Light, Heat and Power Company. Charles Schaffert and Charles Fogel are in the Massillon jail to answer the charge of having stolen it. The wire was taken from the poles and cut into lengths about eight inches long.—Canton Repository.

The Goodrich Rubber Company, of Akron, has commenced an industry that is expected to ultimately result in American soles for all inhabitants of the Chinese empire. At present the subjects of the celestial empire wear a sort of felt sole on their feet. The Akron concern has contrived a rubber substitute. It is as soft, better protection from the weather and lasts longer. It is also said to be cheaper. The first shipment has just been made.

The members of the congregation of St. Anthony's Catholic church, at Youngstown, have petitioned Bishop Hortsmann, of Cleveland, for the removal of Father Charles Dorla, their pastor, charging incompetency. They allege, among other things, that the priest became enraged at the smallness of the subscription which he had collected for the congregation, and tore the subscription book to pieces; that he had reprimanded one of his parishioners for talking to a policeman and allowed a man under bond on a criminal charge to christen several children.

At the meeting of the Daughters of Veterans held in the new G. A. R. hall Monday evening the following officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, Miss Alice Black; senior vice president, Miss Jennie Hissong; junior vice president, Mrs. Emma Strobel; chaplain, Miss Hattie Charles; treasurer, Miss Bessie Vickery; secretary, Miss Mioma Brown; trustees, Mrs. Emma Strobel, Miss Nellie Evans, and Miss Cedella Meyers. The president will name her staff at the next meeting.

According to the Commoner and Glassworker, Massillon, in the production of glass bottles, heads the list in Ohio. There are eight continuous tanks in operation in this city, three more than in Newark, which comes second. Other Ohio glass towns are Cincinnati, Zanesville, Bellaire and Reading. The Commoner says that in January, 1899, there were but sixteen factories in Ohio, among them those of Reed & Company. Five concerns have come into existence during the past two years, and several of the old companies have doubled their capacities.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza Carnes took place from the residence of P. C. Carnes, in Dwight street, Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the Rev. L. H. Stewart officiating. The pall bearers were Frank Shallenberger, Joseph Healy, Levi Weaver, Robert McIsaac, Jacob Truet and J. H. Williams. Relatives from out of town who attended the funeral were Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, of Coshocton, a sister of the deceased; William Tubbs, of Coshocton, a brother; Mrs. L. A. Cornell, Mrs. Etta Draa and Miss Draa, all of Galion, and Mrs. Eliza Anchrurtz, of Cleveland. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

Prof. E. A. Jones has been appointed a member of the lecture bureau committee of the Ohio Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. Other members of this committee are Dr. W. C. Chapman, chairman, Toledo; R C. Boone, Cincinnati; Major A. M VanDyke, Cincinnati; Dr. James F Fitzsimmons, Bucyrus; Dr. R. H. McKee, Bainbridge; Dr. D. A. Bannells, Logan; J. A. Shawn, Columbus; Prof. N. W. Lord, Columbus; Dr. H. A. Beeson, Leesburg; Dr. J. F Marchand, Canton; T. H. Walbridge, Toledo; Wm. Beatty, Toledo; Dr. Charles H. Thwing, Cleveland. The society was organized in Columbus in November, 1901. More than three hundred persons from various parts of the country have already become members.

ARREST OF FOGEL.

Cleveland Policemen Walk Two Miles in the Snow.

The Cleveland Leader of today says: Patrolmen McTigue and Wood walked two miles in deep snow, Sunday to get a man they were looking for. As a result they placed Charles Fogel, of Mt. Vernon, O., under arrest at the Willow House, in Newburg hamlet, on the charge of grand larceny. On Saturday they arrested Charles Shaffert, of No. 59 Bond street, on the same charge. The two are wanted at Massillon, O., it being alleged they stole a quantity of copper wire there. A policeman arrived in the city from Massillon and made arrangements to take Shaffert back to Massillon. Meanwhile the police learned that Fogel was at the Willow House, about two miles from the A. B. & C. cars, outside of Newberg. McTigue and Wood started out, and after tramping through the cold and deep snow for some time, landed their prisoner. They arrived with him at the central police station just as the Massillon policeman was about to leave with Shaffert. Both prisoners were taken to Massillon, where they will stand trial.

AKRON WANTS CANAL.

Fears That it May be Leased to Private Parties.

An Akron special to the Cleveland Plain Dealer says: From a statement made by Representative Buchtel, of Summit county, it would appear probable that the Ohio canal will be abandoned this year. The present annual expense to keep up the waterway is several thousand dollars a year more than the income. Buchtel has had a conference with the local committee recently appointed to look after Akron's interests in case this move is made. It is feared that the waterway will be sold or leased to some private corporation. The city wants that part which runs through Summit county that it may be used for a water supply when the time comes for a municipal water plant. The canal flows through half a dozen lakes of fine water. If it is abandoned there will be a hot fight to prevent the property falling into the hands of private parties.

OBITUARY.

WILLIAM J. KELLEY.

William J. Kelley, aged 50 years, an inmate of the state hospital, died at the institution on Saturday, death being caused by apoplexy. The deceased had been an inmate one year. The body was taken to Steubenville Tuesday afternoon for burial.

J. C LEISY.

Word has been received of the death of J. C. Leisy, which occurred in Portland, Ore., January 4, of paralysis of the throat. Mr. Leisy was 43 years of age. He was formerly a resident of this vicinity, and was a brother-in-law of Sherman Adams, of this city.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Grand Jurors Inspect the Jail.

IDA KINNEY GRANTED A DIVORCE

Canton-Akron Electric Railway Company and Contractors Sued for Damages—Real Estate Transfers and Court Notes.

Canton, Jan. 14.—The grand jury resumed its labors Tuesday morning. It is expected that the jury will be ready with its report Wednesday afternoon. The utmost secrecy is being observed by members who will give nothing out as to the proceedings. The jurors visited the jail Tuesday morning and it is said will bring in a report recommending certain changes and improvements.

Ida Kinney was granted a divorce from Thomas G. Kinney by Judge Ambler, in common pleas court room No. 2, Monday afternoon. The decree was allowed on the grounds of gross neglect of duty. The parties reside in Massillon. There was no defense. Attorney O. E. Young represeated Mrs. Kinney.

Samuel B. Morrow, residing at Uniontown hill, where grading is now being done for the Canton-Akron electric railway, has commenced suit in common pleas court against the Canton-Akron Electric Railroad Company and the contractors in charge of the work, claiming damages in the sum of $2,500. The plaintiff in his petition also asks that the defendants be restrained from using dynamite or other explosives within 200 feet of his residence. Morrow claims that for the past ten days his house has been subjected to a regular bombardment of rock and earth, as a result of the defendant's blasting operations, whereby windows have been broken and the premises otherwise greatly damaged.

Martin W. Lahr, of Greentown, has brought suit in common pleas court against the H. B. Camp Company, tile manufacturers at Aultman, claiming damages in the sum of $7,000 for injuries received while in the employ of the defendant company. Lahr's arm was caught between a belt and pulley and was broken in three places.

Elias Shetler, as administrator of the estate of Jacob Shetler, deceased, has begun an action in common pleas court against William Johnson. The action is brought to compel Johnson to purchase a farm of 130 acres in Sugarcreek township. The plaintiff, in his petition, avers that an agreement was entered into between the parties whereby Johnson was to buy the farm at $34.75 an acre. Plaintiff says that the defendant paid $100 on the farm but has refused to further carry out the agreement. Plaintiff acknowledges that there was some differences concerning a coal lease but says that he remedied the matter. Attorney D. W. Shetler represents the plaintiff.

In the guardianship of Edgar Blocher, of Massillon, final account has been filed.

In the estate of Jonas Braucher, of Jackson township, exceptions to account have been withdrawn and order made.

In the estate of Jackson Chines, of Jackson township, public sale of land has been ordered.

In the guardianship of Whitney Rudy, and others, of Massillon, H. V. Kramer has been appointed guardian.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

A. Masters to Charles G. King, part lot 1349, First ward, Massillon, $1,000.

Jesse M. Hankins, to Caswallon Roderick, lot 1700, Second ward, Massillon, $1,375.

S. Burd to E. F. Davis, part lot 2093, Second ward, Massillon, $1,600.

Mary Forsyth to Christian Sheffler, part lot 905, Second ward, Massillon, $725.

Anthony Howells to Artificial Ice and Coal Company, part lot 12, Third ward, Massillon, $9,000.

Jane Ryder heirs, to Fred Meuser, part lot 243, Third ward, Massillon, $600.

Aaron Stoner to Joseph Brun, 6 and 36-100 acres, Jackson township, $318.

Rachel Ramsey to George M. Snyder, 8 and 5-100 acres, Perry township, $2,200.

Jacob Burns to Jefferson Breitigam, 40-100 acres, Bethlehem township, $750.

George Hodgson, by heirs, to Frank Lohr, 33-100 acres, Tuscarawas township, $450.

John Rabler to Diller Baker, 14 and 29-100 acres, Tuscarawas township, $910.

Emma C. Harding to Margaret Miller, lot 13, Canal Fulton, $500.

Mart Warner, executor, to Jacob Whitmyer, 39 and 56-100 acres, Lawrence township, $1,666.

When in doubt as to which is the best way to get new business, use the advertising columns of THE EVENING INDEPENDENT.

CHRISTMAS BASE BALL.

Corporal Dulabahn Writes an Interesting Letter.

Corporal Henry K. Dulabahn, company I, 19th infantry, now stationed at Tubigon Bohol, Philippine Islands, writes to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Dulabahn, of 38 Williams street, as follows: "All the natives of Cebu island have surrendered. They turned in 128 rifles in good condition, some cannon and a wagon load of bolos. We expect the niggers on Bohol to surrender any day now, and I hope they do, as I am getting tired hiking after them. Bonk, of Massillon, is well. We have a base ball club. We went went over to Cebu, and we didn't lose a game. The captain is proud of us. He paid $104 for an outfit for us. We had one game at Cebu on Christmas."

THE JURY REPORTS.

Ten Cases Come Up for Consideration.

SIXTY WITNESSES EXAMINED.

Indictments Against Four Men from Canton and Two Against an Alliance Man—Schaffert and Fogel Case Goes Over.

Canton, Jan. 15.—The grand jury reported to Judge McCarty at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Sixty witnesses were examined, ten cases were considered, and true bills found against seven, in all twelve indictments. In one case the name of the person against whom two indictments were found was not given, as service has not yet been made. The following are the indictments given for publication:

John Ballinger, of Alliance, giving wine to female under 14 years of age, with immoral intent.

John Ballinger, Alliance, assault with intent to commit rape.

John Popp, Canton, shooting with intent to kill and wound.

Jerome E. Worley, Canton, giving wine to a female with intent to aid another to commit immoral act.

Frank G. Numan, Canton, assault with intent to commit rape.

Frank G Numan, Canton, giving wine to female with intent to commit immoral act.

Jacob C. Klem, Canton, three indictments for violation of liquor laws.

The case of Schaffert and Fogel, of Massillon, charged with the theft of wire, was passed to the May term.

The cocking main at Crystal Spring was not brought to the attention of the jury.

The jury recommended several improvements in the county jail, especially those which will render it impossible for prisoners to escape.

Resolutions were adopted on the death of Grand Juror John D. Blackford, who died on Tuesday of last week.

The case of Ohio on relation of the Stark County Agricultural Society against Auditor W. M. Reed was put on trial before Judge Ambler in common pleas court, room No. 2, Wednesday morning. The action is a mandamus proceeding to compel the auditor to issue an order in the sum of $800 in favor of the society under a state law. It is contended by Auditor Reed, who is represented by Posecuting Attorney Day, that the society is only entitled to $300. The testimony in the case was concluded and it is expected that the arguments will commence some time Wednesday afternoon.

The report of Superintendent Yarger, of the workhouse, which will be submitted to the directors at their next meeting, shows that the earnings of the institution for the year 1901 were $10,510.74, divided as follows: Boarding prisoners, $7,729.22; labor in brush factory, $2,091.52; labor on roads, $652.50; miscellaneous work, $37.50. In addition to this there was an improvement account amounting to $1,780.90, which was work done by the prisoners. The total expenditures for the year were $20,269.12, making a deficit of $7,977.48, which Mr. Yarger says is the cost of the workhouse to Stark county. Out of the 891 prisoners brought from fourteen counties, including Stark, Summit, Ashtabula, Columbiana, Jefferson, Trumbull, Richland, Wayne, Carroll, Holmes, Harrison, Medina, Ashland and Tuscarawas, 385 were sent from Stark, and the total number of days served was 16,056, an average of about 43 days for each prisoner.

The county commissioners allowed the salaries of the employes of the courthouse Wednesday morning. They also allowed the Canton Bridge Company $3,685 as part pay on the water tower at the infirmary.

OBITUARY.

WILLIAM LANDIS.

William Landis, aged 47 years, an inmate of the state hospital, died at the institution Wednesday morning, death being caused by apoplexy. The body was this afternoon sent to Alliance where friends of the deceased live. He had been an inmate of the hospital one year.

SENATOR FORAKER.

Joint Session of Legislature Re-elects Him.

REPUBLICANS UNANIMOUS.

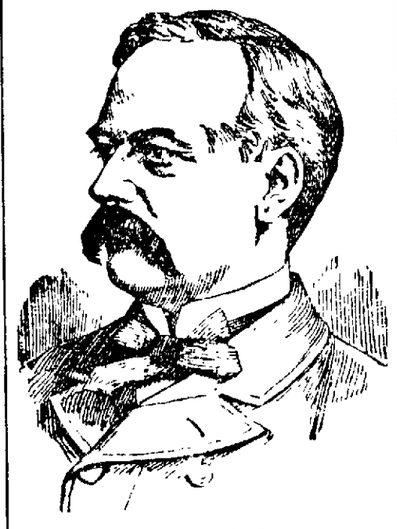
The Senator Delivers an Eloquent Address, Thanking the Legislature for the High Honor Conferred and Pledging Himself to Faithfully Serve the People of the State and the Nation.

Columbus, Jan. 15.—The legislature met in joint session today and declared the election of Joseph B. Foraker to the United States Senate for a second term. After the result of the vote in the House and Senate yesterday had been announced, Senator Foraker was introduced and made the following speech, which was loudly applauded:

Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

I would not appear insensible to this occasion if I could, and I could not if I would. It is a great honor to be elected by the legislature of Ohio to a seat in the Senate of the United States. It is a greater honor still to be re-elected to that high office. If anything can be added to that honor it has been supplied in this instance by the fact that this re-election is not only by the unanimous vote of the Republican representatives in this general assembly convened, but also by the unanimous vote of the representatives of the party in both state and county conventions assembled.

I have my fair share of enemies and detractors, as every other public man has had since the beginning of the government, and will have until the



HON. J. B. FORAKER.

end of time. It is not pleasant to have enemies, and not agreeable to hear their criticisms, but it is a great satisfaction to be able to set down over against all they have said or may say the answering fact that of all the many honors it has been my good fortune to enjoy at the hands of the Republicans of Ohio, every one, without a single exception, has come to me with this same unanimity of expression, and most of them by acclamation and without solicitation. I cannot sufficiently thank the Republicans of Ohio for such long-continued, exceptional and unprecedented marks of their confidence and good will. I can assure them, however, that I shall earnestly strive to merit such uncommon honor.

Since I stood here six years ago on a similar occasion a great deal of important history has been made. At that time the country was suffering from universal business paralysis and prostration. There was a serious controversy going on as to the cause and the remedy. All agreed that prosperity should be restored, but there were wide differences as to methods. All then recognized that the first great work of the immediate future had relation to our economic conditions. Time has passed. The record has been made. It is before you. It speaks for itself. My contribution may have been small. But whether much or little, it went to swell the grand aggregate of effort by which the greatest industrial wonders of all time have been wrought. Long-vanished prosperity has returned, and never in the history of the world has there been anything like what we now enjoy.

The great industrial problem of Europe at this time is not how to sell in our markets, but how to protect their own from our commercial invasion, and one of our greatest industrial problems is how to go on indefinitely collecting the stupendous balances of trade in our favor without bankrupting all the rest of the world, and thus destroying the customers we are acquiring.

The floods of gold that are pouring in upon us are rapidly making us the great creditor nation of the earth, so that henceforth we shall hold the securities of other peoples and collect interest from them on their obligations instead of, as heretofore, paying them tribute to ours. If nothing more than this had been accomplished, it would be enough to entitle all who participated in the good work to the gratitude and the plaudits of the American people. But, great as have been these economical achievements, others there are and greater. Unexpected emergencies have arisen and unforeseen responsibilities have been devolved upon us. This is not a proper time for their discussion, or even for their enumeration, but it is a fitting opportunity for the statement that all emergencies, whether of peace or of war, have been successfully met, and all responsibilities have been faithfully discharged.

Grave questions of a vital character relating to our power to acquire, hold and govern territory according to the necessities of the people governed have been settled for all time in favor of the authority of the United States. As a result we are today, more than ever before in our history, a world power in the fullest meaning of that phrase. In consequence, the term for which you have now re-elected me will doubtless be distinguished for new problems of grave importance and far-reaching consequences.

The inter-oceanic canal, our merchant marine, our navy, the government of our insular possessions, our relations with Cuba and especially our trade relations with other commercial countries will demand and must receive the highest and best thought of the legislative mind.

In all I have done under the commission I have been holding I have sought faithfully, zealously and patriotically to worthily represent the people of this state. As to these great questions of the future, I can only promise to go forward in the same spirit and with the same purpose. I know your Americanism, your patriotism and your wishes, and shall strive honestly and earnestly to represent your views.

In closing, I cannot refrain from recalling that when I stood here six years ago another graced the occasion with his presence who is now gone from among us forever. He was at that time just retiring from the governorship of the state, but we all knew that the higher honor of the Presidency awaited him, and that his most distinguished public services yet remained to be rendered. But how little we knew of what was soon to be unfolded! Whom we, only, then claimed, all the world claims now. Not only as a great President, but as the gentlest and most lovable type of humanity is the place in history that will always be held by William McKinley. His life and his death were alike surpassingly noble. I call attention to his career at this time, because it is an impressive admonition to us to be patient, forbearing and faithful in all the relations of both public and private life.

We cannot any more have the benefit of his helpful leadership, but it is just cause for the most sincere congratulation that we find one altogether worthy to be his successor in the person of Theodore Roosevelt. He may be less patient and more aggressive, but in intellectual endowment, in scholarly culture, in broad-minded Americanism, in integrity of character and in patriotic purpose he has never been excelled by any occupant of the White House.

I am sure I hazard nothing in predicting for his administration the most unqualified approbation of the American people. Under his guidance we shall continue to go forward in the achievement of prosperity for the American people and glory and honor for the American republic. I account it a great piece of good fortune to have been identified as your representative with the administration of William McKinley. I account it another piece of most singular good fortune that under the command you now give me I am to have the privilege of being also identified with the administration of President Roosevelt. For this great honor I can only thank you, but in the name of all these considerations I assure you that I do that from the bottom of my heart and with a determination to spare no effort to meet your just expectations.

SAFE BLOWERS GOT $20.

Six Men Commit a Burglary at Canal Dover.

Canal Dover, Jan. 15.—The safe in the office of the New Philadelphia and Canal Dover Street Car Company's office was blown open Tuesday night. The burglars bound and gagged the night watchman. But $20 was secured. There were six in the gang of burglars and the police have descriptions of all but one. Four were men of medium size and the one was tall.

MANAGER INDICTED.

Union Man Refused to Give Up His Card.

Wellsville, O., Jan. 15.—Manager D. S. Brookman, of the American Sheet Steel Company's plant, has been indicted by the grand jury for discharging Leonard Shafer, an employe of the mills. It is said Shafer refused to give up his union card on Brookman's demand, and was thereupon discharged.

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Men are less subject to seasickness than women, according to an old sea captain, but when attacked by it make more fuss. They take immediately to their berths, where they grumble and groan until they are well enough to go on deck again. A woman fights the unpleasant malady until she can fight no longer. Then she becomes maudlin and pathetic. She retires to her room and invariably asks three questions—first, whether people die of seasickness; then, how many miles we are from shore and when we shall get there.

Professor Heinz of the University of Erlangen claims to have discovered an infallible and very simple antidote against seasickness.

"Draw a long and vigorous breath at frequent intervals," he says, "and you will never suffer from this malady."

The reason, he explains, is because the initial cause of seasickness is to be found in a lobe of the brain, the sensitiveness of which resides on the stomach, and that when fresh air is breathed at frequent intervals the blood becomes charged with oxygen, and thus the offending lobe loses its sensitiveness.

He adds that he has made several experiments on himself for the purpose of proving the efficacy of this novel remedy and has also completely cured several persons who used to be seasick whenever they went on the water. Finally he points out that the antidote costs nothing and can be tested by any one.

The Magnet In Surgery.

Dr. Garel of Lyons has drawn a French nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind was been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail. These experiments are well worth the attention of surgeons everywhere.

"Metals may be burned for the sake of the heat and light they produce, just as ordinary fuels are burned," said Professor Roberts Austen in a recent discourse at the Royal Institution in London, but the burning of metals, he proceeded to show, differs from that of ordinary fuels in that the products of combustion are not gaseous, but solid. "The burning of aluminium gives sapphires and rubies in the place of ashes." An instance of burning metal for the sake of light is furnished by the magnesium star, says The Youth's Companion, a contrivance by which a shell packed with magnesium and attached to a parachute is fired electrically high in the air, thus producing an illumination of the ground beneath at night.

Galvanic Coloring of Metal.

In an abstract by Lightning of an article in L'Electrochemie on the coloration and protection of metals a large number of recipes are given. Gilding on steel is imitated by galvanically coating with copper from a cyanide bath, then with a thin film of zinc. After drying and polishing the article is heated in linseed oil to 160 degrees C., when, it is stated, the surface becomes of a red brass color, as if there had been a real alloying of the copper and the zinc.

New Coalfield In Belgium.

Consul Winslow of Liege reports the discovery of a soft coal basin at Asch, in the province of Limbourg, a few miles to the north of Liege. The coal much resembles that found in Westphalia, Germany. It contains from 18 to 20 per cent of volatile matter. The first vein was discovered at a depth of about 1,650 feet, and between this and 1,968 feet five veins have been discovered, ranging from 2.6 to 6.6 feet. It is thought this basin covers about 24,700 acres.

Talks Hole Through a Plank.

Thomas A. Edison's latest invention is a machine for talking a hole through a plank. This sounds like a joke, but it is nothing of the kind. The apparatus consists primarily of a diaphragm, a ratchet and a toothed wheel. The operator talks into the diaphragm, its vibrations cause the wheel to revolve, and by means of the familiar mechanical contrivance called a "worm gear" an auger is worked. By slightly altering the mechanism a saw can be substituted for the auger. This makes the proverbial expression, "to talk the hind leg off a donkey," no longer a mere figure of speech. It can be done.

Metal Eggs For Cooling Drinks.

One of the oddest of recent inventions is a refrigerating egg, as it might be called. It is an ovoid capsule of nickel plated copper about the size of a hen's egg, hollow and nearly filled with water. For use it is frozen, so that its contents become ice. If you have a glass of milk that is not cold enough, you do not like to put ice into it, because dilution with water spoils the beverage, but if you have one of these eggs handy you may drop it into the glass, and in a few moments the liquid is reduced to the desired temperature.

THREE PLUMP BABIES.

An Exhibition Which the Crusty Old Bachelors Thought Disgusting.

"Disgusting," said one old bachelor to the other.

"Isn't it?" said the other old bachelor to the one.

Three women had come into the street car at different intervals with babies of different intervals. The first baby was a lusty child with nerve testing lungs. The second was about a year old, and the mother, just a little bit embarrassed at the bachelors' glares, finally gained courage to take a bottle from a grip and plug up baby's mouth with a rubber neck. The third baby was the newest of them all and entered the car a mere white bundle in the arms of a dignified matron hardly out of short skirts.

Beginning to unwrap the bundle, which had been somewhat disarranged in the haste to embark, the proud mother first unfolded a cunning pair of blue worsted booties that might fit a grumpy old bachelor's thumb. Then, feeling the eyes of the world upon her, she showed baby's two fat legs, which were as pink as her own ears. Then the cunning sight was solemnly shut from all eyes by a procession of gowns all of white, laced, tucked, embroidered and plain, the fat legs kicking viciously, and baby's laces hid them from sight.

Then the little mother sat the bundle upright and threw a soft cloak from the other end, disclosing a round face, a pair of blue eyes wide open in amazement and as pretty and baldheaded a baby from end to end as ever made a bachelor angry at his own lost opportunities. Then the three mothers smiled at each other's baby.

"Disgusting," said the bachelors. Then they went out on the platform, and one took a chew of tobacco and the other lighted the butt of a malodorous dead cigar he had been carrying.—New York Press.

POCKET COMPASSES.

Thousands of Them Sold Yearly to Hunters and Others.

"Pocket compasses," said a dealer in such things, "cost from 25 cents to $10 each, and they are made in various sizes, from tiny compasses half an inch or less in diameter up to those of about the size of a hunting case watch.

"Many compasses are carried in nickeled hunting cases. Some of the tiny open compasses are carried for a charm on watch guards.

"In the cheaper pocket compasses the needle turns on a brass bearing; in the costlier compasses on a bearing of agate. In either, of course, the needle will point north, but the compass with the agate bearing will wear much longer.

"A good pocket compass will last a lifetime. A considerable part of the cost of the more expensive pocket compasses may be due to the material used in them and to elaborateness of finish.

"A ten dollar compass, for instance, might have a pearl face, and so on, but a good compass, with an agate bearing, as good a compass, in fact, as a man needs, can be bought for $1.50.

"Every wise sportsman carries a compass, and compasses are carried by various other people. There are sold of pocket compasses of one sort and another thousands yearly."—New York Sun.

A Willing Martyr.

Schoolteachers sometimes ask their pupils queer questions, if one may believe a story told by the youngest member of the Withington family.

His mother one morning discovered a shortage in her supplies of pies, baked the day before, and her suspicions fell upon Johnny.

"Johnny," she said, "do you know what became of that cherry pie that was on the second shelf in the pantry?"

"Yes, ma'am," he replied. "I ate it. But I had to."

"You had to!" exclaimed his astonished mother. "What do you mean, child?"

"The teacher asked yesterday if any of us could tell her how many stones there are in a cherry pie, and I couldn't find out without eating the whole pie, could I? There's just 142."—Youth's Companion.

Father's Idea of Shoes.

"Spell shoes," said the teacher.

"S-h-o-e-s," returned the little one promptly.

"Correct," said the teacher. "Of course you know what they are."

The little one nodded his head violently.

"My papa says," he announced, "that shoes are what drive the father of a family into bankruptcy." — Chicago Post.

Why She Was Silent.

A very silent old woman was once asked why it was she had so little to say. She replied that when she was a young girl she was very ill and could not talk for a long time. Whereupon she made a vow that if speech were given her once more she would never again say anything unkind of anybody. And thus she was as they found her.

He Was It.

The fresh young man walked into the restaurant and noticed a sign:

"This Counter For Clams and Oysters."

"Where is the counter for lobsters?" asked the young man.

"Oh, you can sit most anywhere!" said the waiter.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

By the time the average man gets old enough to have good sense he is too contrary to make good use of it.—Chicago News.

The uglier you are the more amiable you should be.—Atchison Globe.

OUR LANDED GENTRY

RISE OF THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN IN THE UNITED STATES.

Old World Outdone In Magnificence by Modern Millionaires—Vast Estate of George Vanderbilt at Biltmore—A Mighty Hunting Lodge.

The progress of anglophobia in this country has been marked in the last ten or fifteen years by the rise of the American country place, and during that period more rural estates have been made by men of wealth than the whole country contained before. The idea, borrowed from the English, seems destined to continue until so called gentlemen farmers will be as numerous here as they are in Great Britain.

While in a measure this movement of wealthy men to form country estates is an aping of our over the sea cousins, the real reason is the desire to escape from the turmoil of city life, and as large fortunes have been established their lucky possessors have turned to the country as affording a better medium for its enjoyment.

As a result, great landed estates have been established in various parts of the country, where the life and surroundings of the English nobility are closely copied. Idle Hour, the country seat of W. K. Vanderbilt on Long Island, very nearly approaches the British idea. There is a fine mansion, with parks, drives, greenhouses, etc., the forests stocked with game and all guarded by a gamekeeper and assistant foresters.

More famous and better known is Biltmore, on the Swannanoa river, near Asheville, N. C., the property of George Vanderbilt. Here on a vast

MR. VANDERBILT'S FRONT DOOR LIONS.

tract of land containing 120,000 acres, comprising mountain ranges, picturesque valleys, waterfalls, forests and meadows, has been constructed the most remarkable country home in the United States.

Originally a tract of almost valueless mountain land, it has been transformed by the touch of gold into an ideal spot. The chateau is situated on a plateau 2,000 feet above sea level and overlooks the Blue Ridge mountains. The building is 375 feet in length, and its extreme width is 192 feet. The main building is of Indiana limestone, and in its construction 6,000 barrels of cement and 11,000,000 bricks were used in addition to the stone.

The grand entrance opens upon a winter garden octagon in shape and sixty feet in diameter. From this garden or court radiate the principal apartments. To the north is the banquet hall, 72 feet wide and 70 feet high, with one span and a domed ceiling. Opposite is a magnificent library 60 by 40 feet. On the main floor also are the music room and tapestry gallery, the latter seventy-five feet long and containing numerous specimens of historical and valuable tapestries.

On the upper floors there are about a hundred rooms. The family and guest chambers number about twenty, and each possesses a bath.

Farther up in the mountains has been built of rough oaken logs a hunting lodge that cost upward of $30,000, and here Mr. Vanderbilt entertains his guests in regal style. All the year round this place is kept in order, ready for a chance call from its owner, and beside the enormous fireplace in the great hall is kept a heap of logs ten to twelve feet in length, the fireplace being of such size as to accommodate fuel of this mammoth size. The great hall is a huge square room with the fireplace at one end. Hanging to the chimneypiece are rows of iron spits designed to hold the carcass of deer or bear or such other animal as may be cooked over the mighty fire.

Here on New Year's day Mr. Vanderbilt gave a truly Brobdingnagian feast, among his guests being Joseph Choate, embassador to England, and Prince Delgracio Talleyrand Perigord. In this mighty hall, decorated with hundreds of skins of wildcats, deer, bears and smaller game, the distinguished guests were regaled on the products of the chase, cooked and served by the corps of keepers.

Our modern millionaires easily outstrip the old English lords and barons in the magnificence and extent of their country seats and in the rich lavishness of entertainment.

When Mr. Vanderbilt starts on the thirty mile drive that intervenes between his Biltmore estate and the hunting lodge, one might imagine that the traveler was some European potentate and his attendants sworn vassals, so imposing is the turnout and so deferentia the servants. Thus like barons of old are the new lords of wealth.

A CUE FOR THE HOSTESS.

Bright Conversation Waits on Both Appetite and Digestion.

Nothing is more depressing than to sit at a table where the hostess maintains a habitual silence.

A young lady being compelled to go to a town some distance from her home took pains to engage board in a private family, and one of reputed refinement, thinking to find this more homelike and cheering than life in a boarding house.

Not many months elapsed before she became a victim to dyspepsia in one of its most painful forms. Being a teacher, her friends cried, "Overwork!" But the young lady herself told her physician that she believed the course wholly due to eating her meals in silence.

"Why do you, then, not break the silence?" inquired the physician.

"Break it!" she cried. "It is adamantine! I have tried my best to start conversation, but any subject I may suggest falls like a clod. I have even tried to joke, but beyond an occasional ghost of a smile I must do all the laughing myself. Mrs. A. sits stately and frigid throughout the meal, rarely speaking beyond necessity. I have given up and now just sit and swallow my food feeling like one in a night mare all the while.

"She kills all the life and spontaneity out of every one at the table with her chilly manner, and we all eat in silence, but for the subdued clatter of our knives and forks, as if eating were the only thing in life."

"Change your boarding place at once," said the doctor. "No medicine can help you where you are."

The young lady followed his advice and needed no drugs.

No woman sitting at the head of a table has a right to be so absorbed in her own thoughts and interests that she will neglect her duty to make the mealtime a time of good cheer for one and all so far as it lies within her power to do so.

Her remarks need not necessarily be witty or wise, but she can at least show a kindly interest in all who sit at her table and desire to make life pleasant for them, concludes Table Talk.

Favorite Coiffure Arrangements.

Hair ornaments include both flowers combined with an aigret and flat ornaments, which have the greater charm of novelty. Single roses are generally favored, and gorgeous red

HAIRDRESSING AND ORNAMENTS.

poppies and shaggy chrysanthemums with glistening dewdrops are affected by brunettes of striking style. The twisted velvet Alsatian bow remains a familiar garniture.

An effective ornament shown consists of white tulle leaves spangled with sequins and a fine white osprey, to which is attached a rope of pearls for arranging round the hair. The second arrangement is a flat one in floral shape.

Refreshing Baths.

A bath of limewater is very soothing to overexcited nerves. Some people mix almond paste with their bath, others prefer tincture of benzoin.

Nothing is better for the skin than a bran bath. Put two pounds of bran in a muslin bag and let it soak in a small quantity of water for three hours, then add it to the bath.

For a tonic and refreshing effect upon the skin dissolve in the bath half a pound of crystals of carbonate of soda, two handfuls of powdered starch and a teaspoonful of essence of rosemary.

An ammonia bath is excellent when the system is much exhausted and makes the flesh firm and smooth and purifies the skin.

Those who suffer from rheumatism will find relief by adding to the bath 100 grams of soft soap and 100 grams of essence of turpentine, shaken together until the mixture is a lather. The bather should remain in the bath for fifteen minutes and then get instantly into bed.

Plain Tapioca Pudding.

Soak four tablespoonfuls of tapioca over night in water to cover. Drain in the morning, add a quart of sweet milk to it and put in the double boiler or a pail set in a kettle of hot water on the stove. Boil until creamy, stirring occasionally. Add a cupful of cream and half a cupful of sugar. Beat the yolks of four eggs and stir in with the flavoring of lemon, orange or vanilla. Turn into a pudding mold or pan and bake three-quarters of an hour. About ten minutes before taking from the oven beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff meringue with four tablespoonfuls of pulverized sugar. Draw the pudding to the edge of the oven and pile the meringue carefully on top. Set back leaving the oven door partially opened if too warm, and dry slowly until a thick golden glaze. Serve hot or cold.

TIRED OUT

To the Man Depressed in Spirit and Ready to Give Up, Dr. Greene's Nervura Works Wonders.

Exhausted, nervous and weak, head almost bursting with pain, energy gone, ambition fled, depressed in spirit, ready to give up.

This is what comes to the man who keeps driving at his work until the breaking point is reached.

Stop now! Build up your strength with Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy which does wonders for every weakened system.

Squire L. A. Beck, of Pekin, Ill., says:

"I heard so much about Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy that I concluded to try a bottle. I was surprised from the start to find that I felt better and more vigorous than I had for years. Nothing in the medicine line I ever tried before gave me as much relief. It made a marked improvement in my condition, and my family also noticed the change. I continued to take the medicine as a blood and and nerve tonic. I recommend it to anyone."

Mr. Walter S. Phillips of Phillips & Casey, Rouse's Point, N. Y., says:

"I was prostrated from overwork and nervous prostration, and had run down from 150 to 113 lbs., and after a course of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy I regained my health and recovered my weight to 155 pounds. I can conscientiously recommend Dr. Greene's medicine as the finest thing on earth, and have recommended it to a great many. You are at liberty to publish this letter, for others' good."

Dr. Greene, the discoverer of the famous Nervura, advises free. His address is 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Call or write.

Read the Want Columns daily.

Real Estate Bulletin

20 lots on S. Erie St., $400 to $600
14 " " Chester " .. 250 " 500
17 " " Edwin " .. 200 " 450
18 " " Dwight " .. 250 " 450
7 " " George " .. 225 " 250
13 " " Johnson St. 200 " 275
6 " " Kent St..... 300
18 " " off Akron St ... 200
8 " off Waechter St. $150- 150
1 lot on East Oak Street.

Also lots on Woodland Ave., Pear St., Tremont St., Center and Superior St.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie St.

The Correct Population of Cities and Towns in the Northwest,

Located along the line of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, is shown in a booklet just issued by that Company. Copy may be obtained by sending stamp to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave. Chicago.

NOTICE—Gottfried Danner, executor of the last will and testament of Anna Grau, deceased, vs. the unknown heirs of said Anna Grau, and the Evangelical Pagan Mission of Hermansburg Hanover, Kingdom of Prussia, Empire of Germany, Case No. 76321 Probate Court, Stark County, Ohio.

The unknown heirs of said Anna Grau, whose residences are unknown, and the Pagan Mission, located at Hermansburg, Germany, will take notice that Gottfried Danner, executor of the last will of Anna Grau, deceased, on the 7th day of December 1901, filed his petition in the Probate Court of Stark county, Ohio, alleging that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay her debts and the charges of administering her estate, That she died seized in fee simple of the following described real estate, to-wit: Part of lot number 255 in the city of Massillon, Stark County, and State of Ohio described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said lot, thence easterly along East Cherry street 71 feet; thence southerly parallel with Hill street 70 feet; thence westerly parallel with Cherry street 71 feet; thence northerly 60 feet to the place of beginning. Said unknown heirs and Evangelical Pagan Mission are hereby notified that they have been made parties defendant to said petition and that they are required to answer the same on or before February 1, 1902.

GOTTFRIED DANNER,
Executor of the last will of Anna Grau, deceased.
Dec. 10, 1901.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED

in the purchase of a bicycle, we are now prepared to give you an exceptional big bargain on all bicycles we have left in stock. It will pay you big to see what we have to offer. Remember, we have strictly high grade wheels, made by the largest manufacturers in the business, wheels we have sold for years and giving the best of satisfaction. No second-class or inferior wheels sold by us.

RIDER & SNYDER,

Pharmacists, No. 12 East Main St.

FIRE INSURANCE
The Ohio Farmers Insurance Company
INSURES FARM PROPERTY AT COST.
C. V. HAMMERSMITH, AGENT,
MASSILLON, O

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Change in Time of Trains on Pennsylvania Lines.

Under a new schedule in effect Sunday, Nov 24 h, 1901, passenger trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Massillon station as follows:

For the East—8:05, 8:55 a. m.; 1:12, 4:18, 7:55, 10:11 p. m.; 2:18 a. m.

For the West—8:25, 10:00, 10:10 a. m.; 5:42, 8:59, 9.47 p. m; 12:53 a. m.

For particular information on the subject apply to J. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent, Massillon, Ohio.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co.
Schedule in effect Nov. 17, 1901.

Southbound (down)				(up) Northbound		
p m ‡15	p m ‡13	a m ‡11	Lorain Branch	p.m ‡10	a m ‡14.	p.m ‡16
5 15	1 20	7 10	Lorain	3 5	11 55	7 15
5 27	1 36	7 10	Elyria	3 08	11 46	7 07
5 45	1 54	7 38	Grafton	2 51	11 28	6 44
6 05	2 18	7 58	Lestor Junct.	2 38	11 01	6 28
*5	†3	†1	Main Line	†2	†4	†6
				a m		
5 1	1 25	7 10	Cleveland	10 15	12 00	6 00
5 20	1 40	7 24	Brooklyn	8 57	11 44	5 46
5 27	1 48	7 31	Lester Junct.	8 50	11 04	5 00
6 32	2 37	8 25	Medina	7 57	10 56	4 48
			C Lake			
6 54	2 58	8 48	Seville	7 3	10 37	4 28
7 01	3 04	8 48	Sterling	7 24	10 30	4 20
7 24	3 24	9 14	Warwick	6 56	10 05	3 56
7 32	3 32	9 23	Canal Fulton	6 50	10 01	3 48
7 56	3 56	9 42	Ar. Dep. Massillon	6 30	9 42	3 30
7 56	3 56	9 42	Ar. Dept.		9 42	8 30
8 05	4 05	9 57	Justus		9 27	3 15
8 40	4 37	10 27	Canal Dover		8 57	2 44
8 47	4 45	10 35	N Philadelphia		8 49	2 37
9 05	5 03	11 10	Uhrichsville		8 30	2 20
	6 24	12 0	Flushing		7 30	1 20
	7 2	1 05	Bridgeport		6 30	12 20
p. m	p. m	p. m		a. m	a. m	p. m

Bridgeport Accommodation	North	South
	p.m ‡8	a.m ‡7
Massillon	7 50	
Justus	7 34	
Canal Dover	7 08	
New Philadelphia	6 55	
Uhrichsville	6 38	7 45
Flushing	5 32	8 48
Bridgeport	4 30	10 00

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday
Sunday trains at Massillon, northbound 7:20 a m. Southbound—7 10 p.m
Electric cars between Bridgeport, Belmar, Martin's Ferry and Wheeling
M. G. CARREL, G. P. A., Cleveland.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
"B. & O. System."
Taking Effect Nov 17, 1901.
NORTH BOUND

	No. 46	No. 4.	No. 6.	No 10	No 8
	A. M.	A. M	A 10	P M	P M
Massillon	6 00	8 15	P 12 01	4 19	7 47
Canton	7 00	9 05	1 00	5 13	8 38
Akron	8 20	10 00	2 10	6 20	9 35
Cleveland					

SOUTH BOUND

	No. 7.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 9.	No 1
	A M	A 11	P 11	P M	P. M
Cleveland	8 15	11 00	P 11 30	P 3 25	P. M
Akron	8 35	P 12 20	12 35	4 35	1 10
Canton	9 41	1 08	1 36	5 44	8 45
Massillon	10 30	1 50	.....	6 10	9 10

*Daily †Daily except Sunday

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE R'Y.

EAST			MAIN LINE Oct. 27, 1901	WEST		
*6	†2	*4		*1	†3	*5
	A.M.	P. M.		P.M.	P. M.	
	9 15	1 45	Toledo	3 00	6 30	
	10 30	2 53	Fremont	1 52	5 14	
	11 25	3 45	Norwalk	12 58	4 15	
	12 15	4 27	Wellington	12 15	3 30	
A.M.	1 23	5 36	Orrville	11 10	2 30	p.m
9 25	1 52	6 05	Massillon	10 40	2 02	7 15
9 40	2 10	6 26	Navarre	10 22	1 45	7 00
11 08	3 37	7 47	Scio	9 08	12 27	5 37
1 05	5 45	9 45	Steubenville	7 05	10 30	3 40
12 50	5 30	9 30	Wheeling	7 20	10 40	3 55
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		a.m	a.m	p.m

South	Cleveland Division.			North	
A.M.	a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	p.m
7 00	11 00	3 30	Cleveland	1 10	5 05
8 12	12 14	4 4	Kent	11 58	3 50
9 10	1 10	4 45	Canton	11 02	2 50
9 45	1 40	6 2	Navarre	10 25	2 10
11 25	p.m.	8 06	Coshocton	8 45	p.m
12 30		9 11	Zanesville	7 40	
p.m.		p m		a.m	

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday
H. J. Booth, G T. M. E B Coolidge, G.P.A.
W. R. Hansen, Ticket Agent.

CA&C CLEVELAND, AKRON & COLUMBUS Ry.

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	588	528	504
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND lv	*8 10	*1 20	*7 00	.....
Hudson	9 08	2 28	8 00	*10 45
AKRON ..... ar	9 35	2 58	8 30	11 10
AKRON lv	9 25	2 58	8 30	11 10
Barberton	9 49	3 10	8 45	*11 30
ORRVILLE ..... ar	10 25	3 55	9 25	506
ORRVILLE lv	10 30	3 55	9 35	a m
Millersburg	11 12	4 20	10 20	*0 45
Mt. Vernon	12 32	6 05	11 50	7 10
COLUMBUS ..... ar	*1 50	†7 8	*1 20	*8 40
	p m	p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	527	595	503	507
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS lv	*12 40	†8 55	*12 05	*1 35
Mt. Vernon	2 25	8 28	1 33	7 10
Millersburg	3 55	9 4	2 44	*8 35
ORRVILLE ..... ar	4 45	10 30	3 33	505
ORRVILLE lv	4 55	10 40	3 33	p m
Barberton	5 38	11 18	4 07	*4 00
AKRON ..... ar	5 55	11 38	4 25	4 17
AKRON lv	6 05	11 38	4 25	4 17
Hudson	6 35	12 05	4 55	*4 43
CLEVELAND ... ar	*7 30	1 05	*5 50	.....
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:12 a m week days.
*Every day †Week Days only.
E. A. HORN Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg Pa.

CHARLESTON EXPOSITION.

Excursion Tickets Now on Sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

Low fares to Charleston, S. C., for the Interstate and West Indian Exposition are offered via Pennsylvania lines. Two forms of excursion tickets, season and fifteen day, may be obtained at special rates. For information about fares and trains consult J. A. Shoemaker, ticket agent, Massillon.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A FLOWING OF GORE

A Greenville Gutter Red with Italian Blood.

TAKES LAW IN HIS OWN HANDS.

Jimmie Boyd, Boxer, Wrestler and Sprinter, Seeking Exercise Saturday, Beats Three Italians Till They Fly for Their Lives.

East Greenville, Jan. 13.—Jimmie Boyd, the seventeen-year-old phenomenon of the boxing, sprinting and bicycling games, in a sportive mood Saturday, gave three men a sound thumping. The thumped are Italians, itinerant fruit dealers, and their headquarters are said to be in Massillon. Young Boyd swaggered up to the largest of the three, and said: "Say, didn't you steal a whip from me going to town the other day?"

"Me no 'stan'," replied the Italian.

"Then lie down," laughed Boyd, fetching him a blow on the nose that sent him reeling into the gutter.

To each of the others Boyd dealt out similar treatment. The gutter ran red with their blood. Young Boyd, unscratched, found the pummeling of them great fun. At last they were allowed to get into their wagon and off they drove without attempting to sell any of their fruit.

Boyd claims that one day when he was driving to Massillon these three Italians stopped his horse, jumped upon him in his buggy, gave him a walloping with his own whip and then carried away the whip. Boyd says he was incapable of defending himself that day, being compelled to keep a tight hold on the reins of a horse that would have become unmanageable if given half a chance. The Italians claim Boyd struck their horse with his whip in passing, and that he deserved all the punishment they gave him. Boyd says, however, that he struck his own horse with the whip, and that its antics frightened the Italians' horse somewhat. Sporting East Greenville swears by Boyd more strongly than ever now. The town will back him against any fighter of his age in the country. Boyd stands but an inch under six feet and weighs 170 pounds.

BEACH CITY'S MAYOR.

Beach City, Jan. 13.—This village is without an executive head. The council will meet this evening, and will appoint someone to serve out the unexpired term of the late Mayor Shetler. There is much speculation as to who the appointee will be. The general supposition is that W. W. Glenn, grain merchant, will be named. Mr. Glenn is a Republican. Mr. Shetler was a Democrat.

Molds and machines are expected to arrive at the plant of the Tuscarora Rubber Company this week. The working force will be doubled. The new molds will be for bicycle tires, hose and horse shoes.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ELIZA CARNES.

Mrs. Eliza Carnes, aged 72 years, died at the home of her son, Peter Carnes, in Dwight street, at 11 o'clock Saturday night. Death was caused by a stroke of paralysis sustained Saturday morning. Although not an invalid Mrs. Carnes had been in feeble health for the past twenty years, the result of other paralytic strokes. A sufferer for years, she was never known to complain. Her maiden name was Tubbs. Her marriage to Adam Carnes occurred in 1847 at Roscoe. Three children survive her. They are James W. Carnes and Peter Carnes, of this city, and Mrs. Sarah Cornell, of Gallion. John Carnes, who was assassinated in Mora, Wash., was also a son. Funeral services will be conducted at the residence of her son, P. C. Carnes, 41 Dwight street, at 2 p. m., Tuesday. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

MRS. LOUISA PHILLIPS.

After a lingering illness with consumption, Mrs. Louisa Phillips died early Monday morning at the home of her father, Jacob Decker, in Orange street. The deceased was 35 years of age. She leaves two small children. The funeral will take place from St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock.

MRS. CAROLINE WYANDT.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Caroline Wyandt, whose death occurred at her home at East Greenville, Sunday, will be held at the residence at 9 o'clock and at the Greenville M. E. church at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. Interment will take place at East Greenville. Consumption was the cause of death. Mrs. Wyandt was the wife of Levi Wyandt.

Dr. Fenner's GOLDEN RELIEF
Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Piles, Corns, Colic, etc. Sprains, etc.
A TRUE SPECIFIC IN ALL
INFLAMMATION
Sore-throat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Felons, etc. etc.
"Colds," Forming Fevers, GRIP,
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in one to thirty minutes.
By Dealers. The 50c. size by mail 60c. Fredonia, N.Y.
For Sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

WALKED INTO A HOLE.

A Boy Rescued by Eight-Year Old Companion.

Arthur Kracker, aged 8, an Independent newsboy, playing on the frozen canal, Saturday afternoon, walked into a hole and completely disappeared. His companion, Karl Miller, about the same age, waited at the edge of the hole till Kracker's head reappeared. He made a grab, got his fingers into Kracker's hair, then a firmer hold about his body and drew him safely out. Kracker went to The Independent building, where he dried his clothing, and in the evening took out his papers as usual.

WIRE WORTH $45.

Theft Charged Against Schaffert and Fogel.

BOTH ARRESTED IN CLEVELAND.

Also Suspected of the T. C. Miller Saloon Burglary—Schaffert Said to Have Confessed to the Wire Stealing—Will Have a Hearing Tuesday Morning.

Charles Fogel and "Jack" Schaffert, of this city, arrested in Cleveland, charged with stealing $45 worth of copper wire from the Light, Heat and Power Company, were brought to Massillon Sunday evening by Policeman Ertle. They will have their hearing at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. Schaffert was arrested Saturday in John Lavack's saloon in Cleveland by policemen of that city, who had been notified that Fogel and Schaffert were wanted here. Ertle went to Cleveland Sunday, and located Fogel a few minutes before the arrival of his returning train.

The police say that Schaffert has confessed to having stolen the wire. Schaffert say Fogel is innocent. The affidavit was made by Superintendent Fisher, of the Light, Heat and Power Company. The wire was located Monday at a foundry in Canton. The foundryman said he bought it from a junk dealer. The wire was stolen from poles in Canal street last Tuesday night. It was a part of the incandescent circuit. Schaffert is a lineman and the police say it was an easy matter for him to run up the poles and cut the wire. He is said to have been seen abroad with his climbing irons at a late hour Tuesday night.

Schaffert and Fogel are also suspected of the burglary of T. C. Miller's saloon. Footprints in the soft earth of the cellar have been preserved, and Monday morning Fogel's and Schaffert's shoes were compared with them. The police declare that the shoes exactly fit the marks. Both Schaffert and Fogel protest that they know nothing of the burglary.

The penalty for the wire theft is one year or more in the penitentiary.

CARS DERAILED.

A W. & L. E. Engine Disabled. Other Railroad Notes.

While shifting cars on the North Massillon mine switch, Saturday evening, several loaded coal cars were derailed. Little damage was done, but it was necessary to call the wreck train from Wooster to replace the cars.

The big Wheeling & Lake Erie engine No. 199, drawing a heavily loaded train of coal, was disabled by the breaking of some of its machinery when between Navarre and Bolivar early this morning. Yard engine No. 28, of the Columbia yards, was dispatched to its assistance and the train brought to Columbia.

A slight disturbance has been caused by the rumored removal of the C., L. & W. shops from this city to Warwick. There is believed to be nothing in the report except a weak attempt on the part of some one to create a sensation. The talk grew out of a report printed in the Massillon Independent to the effect that the round house and small shop at Uhrichsville was to be removed to Warwick. Quite likely that would be the better place for the round house, since the B. & O. owns the C., L. & W. and it is there that the B. & O. and C., L. & W. meet, but the Lorain shops have never been mentioned in that connection except by a local paper. Every railroad maintains its principal repair shops at one or the other of its terminal points. The reason for this appears simple enough. The rolling stock cannot very well be repaired except when it is out of use or empty. The cars bring in coal or coke and take out ore or steel. To make repairs on them while in transit would be as difficult as it would be foolish. Don't let anyone be worried about Lorain losing the C., L. & W. shops.—Lorain Herald.

It pays to try our want columns.

YOUNG MEN'S CLUB.

Interesting Meeting at Presbyterian Church.

AN ADDRESS BY A. S. BOYER.

The Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association Presents Some Stimulating Ideas on Character Building—Praise Service at the Christian Church.

The services at the Presbyterian church Sunday evening were held under the auspices of the Young Men's club. The address of the evening was made by A. S. Boyer, of Canton, who is secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at that place, and who has been active in Y. M. C. A. work throughout the state. His subject, "The Right Choice," was based on the biblical story of Abram and Lot, one having made the right choice, the other the wrong. He said that in beginning the active life there is always a deciding point to choose between the good and the honorable, or between the bad and the dishonorable. The young man when choosing a business or profession, should ask himself what will be his chaarcter. It will not be as we have appeared to live or what we have seemed to be, but what we have been, that will judge us for a future world.

"When a young man," he said, "is contemplating entering a college or university he should consider the moral standing of the institution. I do not believe in some things that take place in some of our larger institutions. I do not believe an any institution that sanctions the use of intoxicating liquors at some of their functions.

"I hope the Young Men's club will soon be in such a position that it can have rooms open every day in the week for the young men of the city and for young men who are strangers in the city. I hope this club will soon feel it to be its duty to apply to the executive committee of the state Y. M. C. A. for a charter and that it will open Y. M. C. A. rooms which the city of Massillon is greatly in need of."

The special music of the evening was by the Columbia orchestra. The prelude was a paraphrase on "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and the postlude "Gloria, of Mozart's 12th Mass." A solo, "Adore and be Still," was sung by David A. Vaughn, and Harry Conrad sang "The Heavenly Song."

AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

The praise service rendered by the choir at the Christian church Sunday evening was one of the best of the many ever given by that choir. The selections by the entire chorus, by the men's chorus, by the women's chorus, and the solos by different members of the choir, were all well rendered. The choir sang "Glad Tidings of Joy," "God's Goodness," and "The Holy Light." "The March of the Magi," and "From Worlds of Joy," was rendered by the men's chorus, and "The Glorious Song" by the women's chorus. Miss Minnie Davis sang a contralto solo, "The Plains of Peace." "Glory be to God," was a soprano solo by Miss Mary Davis. A tenor solo, "On Thy Throne," was sung by John C. Davis.

BIG COCKING MAIN.

A big cocking main is said to have taken place in a deserted building, at Crystal Spring, Saturday night, more than a hundred sports of Massillon, Canton, East Greenville, Canal Fulton and elsewhere being present. A big hearing will take place in a local court Tuesday, so Humane Officer Getz says, and the prisoners will be the people who attended the fight.

Officer Getz has been at work getting the evidence ever since the fight took place, and the necessary papers have about all been served.

It is said that about $200 changed hands at the fight. The Greenville-Fulton birds were pitted against those from Canton, and the former won three out of four flies.

The minimum fine for each person connected with the main is $5 and costs.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

TONSILINE
CURES
SORE THROAT
WE want to so impress upon your mind the above fact, that when you or yours have Sore Throat you will at once think of Tonsiline as the one cure which never fails. Sore Mouth, Croup and Quinsy are just as quickly cured by
TONSILINE
25C AND 50C. ALL DRUGGISTS.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

The Water In Utah's Great Lake.

Salt lake is by no means a saturated solution of salt, yet it is five or six times as rich in salts as the ocean and nearly as strong as the Dead sea. In summer it contains between 20 and 22 per cent of salt, the saturation point not being reached until the salt forms a little over a third of the liquid. There are all through the great basin numerous saline lakes and ponds, but none of the size and importance of this in Utah. Not infrequently they are shallow and entirely disappear during the dryness and heat of summer, leaving to mark their sites only a stretch of some acres—or it may be miles—of clay or mud, entirely covered with salt.

A Singing Well.

A singing well is one of the natural curiosities of Texas. In fine weather a sound like that of an æolian harp is given out by the well. At times the sound is clear; then it recedes, as if far away, and then it reaches the ear very faintly. These changes take place every few minutes and with great regularity. With an east wind blowing the water in the well gets very low, and the mysterious musical sound is faint. A strong west wind causes the water to rise and the sound to increase in volume and clearness.

The Springbok.

A peculiarity of that most beautiful of South African antelopes the springbok is that it always leaps over human tracks. It is at once exceedingly shy and marvelously active, and the reason for this strange antic is its intense suspicion of any possible enemies, among whom it has come to recognize man as the most dangerous.

It is not only with human tracks that the springbok goes through this performance, for it does the same with the tracks of lions or even when it gets wind of a lion. The leap is exceedingly graceful, and the animal covers from twelve to fifteen feet at each bound. It drops on all four feet at once and immediately rises again, making a clear spring without any run.

Its usual gait when not pursued is a light springy trot. The springbok usually travels with its nose to the ground, as if constantly on the lookout for the scent of enemies.

Pueblos and the Compass.

Among the Pueblo Indians six points of the compass are recognized, and each has its color. North is yellow, west is blue, south is red, east is white, the upper regions are many colored and the lower regions are black. All the prey gods are represented by their images in these six divisions.

For example, there is the yellow mountain lion of the north, the blue mountain lion of the west, the red mountain of the south, and so on. Likewise it is with the other beasts, and thus a very considerable number of deities is formed. All of them must receive worshipful attention lest they get angry and revenge themselves for the neglect.

Where Amber Is Found.

The largest quantity of amber is found on the southern shore of the Baltic between Memel and Konigsberg, where it is cast up by the action of the ground swell after the northerly gales. It is also found on the coast of Sicily, on the shores of the Adriatic, on the English beach of Norfolk and Suffolk and at Cape Sable in Maryland. Mining for amber in beds of brown lignite or wood coal is carried on in Prussia, and it is found in excavations all over Europe.

The Aromatic Clove Tree.

A peculiarity of the clove tree is that every part of it is aromatic, though the greatest strength is in the bud. Besides the buds, the stems are gathered and form an article of commerce commanding one-fifth the price of cloves and having about the same percentage of strength. To this is due the fact that ground cloves can be purchased in the home market at a lower price than whole cloves.

Taylor's
COCOA CHOCOLATE
are THE BEST
Best beans only are used.
Extra care exercised in blending.
Cocoa shells and dirt are removed.
Adulterations not permitted.
Use of most improved machinery.
Standard of merit—our watchword.
Endless watchfulness during manufacture.
Cost no more than others.

English Quail Stew.

For four plump quails provide four oysters, four tablespoonfuls of butter, three large cupfuls of ox tail soup or rich stock, two small glasses of port or madeira, two tablespoonfuls of onion vinegar, the same of India relish and mushroom catchup, celery salt, white pepper and four slices of crisp, brown toast. Leave the quails whole, simply opening down the breast. Put the butter in a frying pan over a hot fire and when brown lay the quails in the pan. Cover and cook ten minutes. Turn and cook ten minutes more. When browned on both sides, add the soup or stock, wine, catchup and relish. When it boils again, add celery salt and pepper to season and thicken with a tablespoonful of flour wet up in cold water. Stir it gradually until it boils. Turn each quail on its back and insert an oyster. Cook five minutes and serve on slices of toast with the liquid poured over all.

They Never Fail.
Absolutely Harmless
Speedy and sure for all cases of headache, neuralgia, etc., are
Clinic Headache Wafers
the true heart tonic, easily taken, causing no bad after effects and leading to no drug habits.
CLINIC PHARMACAL CO., TORONTO, OHIO.
ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

Nasal CATARRH
In all its stages there should be cleanliness.
Ely's Cream Balm
cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.
Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.
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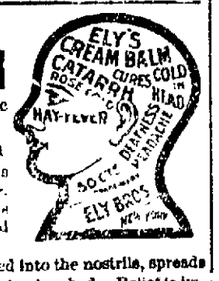

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Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
Sizes 14 to 18—Short or long bosom.
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Hat, Glove and Shirt Store,
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The Study of Teeth
Is one that everybody nowadays takes an interest in. The public knows more about its teeth. Amidst all of this enlightenment a dental firm must work along scientific lines, be accurate and careful, and charge moderate prices to succeed. We have succeeded.
DRS. CARR & TAYLOR
DENTISTS,
Over First National Bank.
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ESTERBROOK'S PENS
THE BEST MADE. ALL STATIONERS SELL THEM.
Send 10 cents for 12 assorted pens.
THE ESTERBROOK STEEL PEN CO.
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THE BEE HIVE
Uncommon Bargains in Millinery
THE BEE HIVE
Very Stylish Hats at Prices Away Below Real Worth.
The hats offered are made of good materials and are gotten up in the latest mid-winter styles. They are up-to-date in every respect and are hats that would be worth ordinarily, from two and a half to three and a half times the prices asked. But we are reducing the stock, hence these sensational offers.
75 Stylish Trimmed Hats in the newest effects 98c
Handsome Dress Hats, trimmed in all colors and black with breasts and fancy feathers $1.39
Dress Hats in becoming styles, trimmed with tips and fancy feathers, colors and black $1.69
Any Pattern Hat at Half the Marked Price
Fancy Feathers that formerly sold at 50c and 69c are to go at 25c
ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

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A TRIAL FOR FUN.

Prisoner, Judge, Jury and Attorneys.

A BIG CROWD IN ATTENDANCE.

All Rockville, Augmented by Navarre and Smoketown People, Gather at the School House—Jury Returns a Verdict of Guilty—News of Other Towns.

Navarre, Jan. 14.—Rockville schoolhouse could not hold the crowd that wanted to attend the mock trial held Tuesday evening. The charge was chicken stealing, and the prosecution was led by Wess Mase. The defense was led by Lawyer Daily. There was the judge, the jury, the prisoner, the witness, the examination, the cross examination and everything else that goes to make a trial. The evidence was largely circumstantial. It took the jury fifteen minutes to come to an agreement that the prisoner was guilty and should receive a sentence of three months in the workhouse. It was 11 30 o'clock when court adjourned

Among the people who attended were many citizens who have known the ins and outs of the courts like lawyers, and most of them, through line fence or similar difficulties, have paid well for their knowledge. There was some comment at times, the oldtimers rebelling against any attempt at deviation from the usual methods of legal procedure The trial was held under the auspices of the Rockville literary society.

The marriage of Miss Amelia Stoner, daughter of Mrs. Barbara Stoner, and Dr Shafer, of this place, will take place this afternoon. Dr. and Mrs Shafer will reside in this city. Dr. Shafer is a dentist

NEWMAN

Newman, Jan. 15.—The Eastern Star Company, which gave a concert in the church last Wednesday evening, drew a good sized audience

The Rev James Lister, of Salem, sold his Newman house to Miss Theresa A. Dodd for $875. The Dodd family will move to their new home next week

Subscriptions will be received at the postoffice for the McKinley memorial fund. It is to be hoped that the friends of the late President will show their appreciation to the memory of a good man

George Lister, of this place, will sell at public auction his entire household effects and other personal property on Saturday, Jan. 18.

Three car loads of Italians and Austrian have located near the brick works for the purpose of grading the switch from the P., F. W. & C. railroad to the White Oak coal mine being opened on the Kitchen farm. It is expected to take about two months to complete the work.

It is rumored that some Massillon coal men have taken an option on the Geis-Gainey coal mine, located on the Williamson farm. Drilling will be commenced next week and four or five holes will be put down to further develop the territory.

URBAN HILL.

Urban Hill, Jan. 14.—A number of the young people attended the literary at No 4, last Friday evening.

Mr Shackers has been packing some very fine ice during the past week.

Daniel Kurtz visited friends in this vicinity last week.

Protracted meeting will begin at the U. B. church at this place next Sunday evening

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dittman, of Canton, visited the latter's parents, of this place, last week for several days

The second quarterly meeting of the conference year convened at the U B. church last Saturday and Sunday.

A few cases of chickenpox have been reported in the east end.

Mrs. Clara Hardgrove is visiting friends in Wood county

Daniel Leavers is improving the property which he purchased some time ago.

Mrs. Edward Buttermore made a flying trip to Canton last Monday.

WILMOT.

Wilmot, Jan. 15.—W. S. Putman is making preparations to build a barn the coming summer.

The Wingire and Leyman sawmill is at present on the William Leyman farm but the firm intends moving to the Neal Lowe farm shortly, where it has purchased about twenty acres of timber.

The Rev. D. W. Sprinkle is holding revival services at the U. B. church.

Otto Sigrist has re-rented the C. E. Spidell farm on the Winesburg road.

L. A. Chatelain has entered the field as a shipper of stock. He sent a lot to the Cleveland market on Tuesday.

Dan. Leyman has rented the Kanaga farm, near town, and will take possession about the first of April.

The Rev. Mr. Spreng is assisting his brother-in-law in holding revival meetings near Ashland.

CAMPCREEK.

Campcreek, Jan. 14. — Myers & Baughman are prospecting for coal on the Rev. Mr. Steele's farm this week.

Sunday school was in session at Cross Roads last Sunday afternoon. Church service in the evening was poorly attended, due to the inclement weather.

George Hall and Miss Tracie Snyder visited friends in Navarre last Saturday.

William Owens visited at J. C. Keller's residence last Sunday.

E. D. Ott, of this place, will take a position at Massillon as night agent in the Pennsylvania railroad station sometime during the week.

The Rev. Mr. Adams will hold services at Cross Roads next Sunday at 2 30 p m.

STILL WITHOUT A MAYOR.

Beach City, Jan. 14.—The council failed to meet Monday evening, so the village is still without a mayor. The town hasn't very much use for a mayor, and for many years it had none, but the people don't like the present state of things. In a small village like this the mayor is the head of everything, and nobody likes to be without a head. An effort will be made to have the councilmen come together in a special session.

Oscar Shetler and relatives of the late Mayor Shetler desire to extend thanks to the Canton-Massillon Street Car Employes' Union, the county commissioners and others for their floral offerings and kind sympathy and assistance during their recent bereavement.

RIVERDALE.

Riverdale, Jan. 16.—A number of the people from Riverdale attended the mock trial at Rockville Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Haberli were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mase, Sunday.

William Hawk, of Richville, this week purchased three very fine porkers of Lewis Haberli. Purchase price, 6c per pound live weight.

It has been suggested that the rag and rubber dealer who passed through this neck of the woods last week had better let up on confiscating corn fodder along the public highway or he may be obliged to carry some soothing ointment in his grip sack in the future.

The dry, freezing weather is very damaging to wheat as the high winds blow a great deal of earth from around the plant, which in damp weather would remain and crumble around the wheat as a feeder.

The Dewey Gun Club shoot last Friday was well attended,. The champion score was won by Bert Hines, who scored 109.

BENTLEY.

Bentley, Jan. 16. — There was preaching here last Sunday in the forenoon. The Rev. Mr. Adams announced that for the coming six months the services would be in the morning.

"Literary" was well attended Friday. John Adley, of Navarre, was one of the debaters. Next Friday the question for debate is "Which received the most benefit from the abolition of slavery, the white man or the negro."

Many people blame this changeable winter for sore throats and colds.

A number of young people attended "literary" at Stanwood last Wednesday.

Edward Fiscus is prospecting for coal on the George Snavely farm.

ELTON.

Elton, Jan. 16.—Theodore Blucker, the sexton of McFarren's, spent Sunday with friends at Mt. Eton.

Mr. and Mrs. Bishop Gibbs left last week for their new home in West Virginia.

Mrs. Daisy Baughman was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs Briner, near West Lebanon, Tuesday.

Mrs. Manias Harrold and Mrs. Elizabeth Baughman, of Massillon, were the guests of the Baughman family last Friday.

The Philip Biddle property recently purchased by Samuel Evrit is being drilled for coal by Doc. Holderbaum.

There will be preaching at the McFarren church Saturday night by the pastor.

Mrs. Lizzie Manweiler, of Massillon, is the guest of her father, Jacob Stiver.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Baughman were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Jeandrewin on Sunday.

The Misses Nettie and Nora Baughman and Mrs. Ida Phillips were the guests of Mrs. S. H. Baughman on Wednesday.

JUSTUS.

Justus, Jan. 16.—William Benson and Morris Benson, of Pigeon Run, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Bert Warstler.

Mrs. Caroline Warstler, who has been seriously ill, is slowly recovering.

Miss Mary Kalliker is visiting relatives in Massillon.

Mrs. Selecta Hoffman, who has been ill, is able to be around again.

The Rev. Charles Thompson, of Navare, is holding a series of meetings at the Center church

Mrs. Bert. Warstler visited relatives at Pigeon Run Thursday.

JANUARY MEETING.

Stark County Horticultural Society in Session Wednesday.

The January meeting of the Stark County Horticultural Society was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bast, in Chestnut street, Wednesday afternoon. The meeting was a large one, about seventy-five members being present. Dinner was served to fifty. At one o'clock the retiring president, W. B. Shanafelt, called the meeting to order and in a brief address introduced his successor, A. R. Hanna, elected at the December meeting, who made a short speech of acceptance. A committee was appointed to draw resolutions respecting the death of P. J. Palmer, Mrs. J. C. Lichtenwalter and Mrs. Jacob Rubert, three members of the society whose deaths occurred during the last year.

There was on exhibition a fine display of cut flowers and fruits considering the season of the year. There was some discussion concerning the San Jose scale, which has become prevalent in this vicinity. The Vandersoll children, of Canton, entertained the society with recitations and Miss Mary Sarver, of Canton, several solos. C. A. Krider read an essay on "The Way of the Farmer to the Poor House." The next meeting will be held on Feb. 19, at the home of E. T. Crowell, near Meyers lake

TAMMANY'S OWN HOME.

President Discusses a Project of the Future.

Tammany Hall has elected H. Parnacott, sr., president; Charles Smith, vice president; A. Kessel, treasurer; F. Oehl, secretary; G Houser, guard; O. Houser, janitor; Messrs Parnacott, Kessel and H. Houser, drill committee.

"I think it will only be a matter of time," remarked President Parnacott, today, "till Tammany will have a home of its own. We have now a movement on foot whose object is the purchase of a piece of ground and the putting up of a building. If we do this we will be the first society in the town to build."

SOUGHT TO SAVE TIME.

Instead He Lost Time and Got a Ducking Besides.

Charles Fiscus, running to catch a Dalton bound train, thought to gain time by cutting across the frozen canal instead of taking the bridge Sunday morning. In one hand he carried a large bundle and in the other hand a live turkey. Fiscus used the turkey to break the ice between him and the shore. He missed his train.

MINERS' DELEGATES.

A Number Go to Columbus to Attend Convention.

District President Robert Legg, District Vice President Evan Evans, Secretary John Morgan, Tally Edwards, William Morgan, J. J. Mossop, Herman Schlosser and various others Sunday went to Columbus to represent the Massillon district at the state convention of United Mine Workers, which opens Tuesday. Most of the delegates will go to Indianapolis from Columbus to attend the national convention.

Notice U. R. K. of P.

Regular assembly Friday evening, Jan. 17, at 7:30 sharp. Election of officers. Every member is requested to be present. William B. Martin, captain.

Postmaster Palmer

of So. Glen Falls, N. Y., describes a condition which thousands of men and women find identical with theirs. Read what he says, and note the similarity of your own case. Write to him, enclosing stamped addressed envelope for reply, and get a personal corroboration of what is here given. He says regarding

L. D. Palmer.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure:

"I suffered agonizing pain in the left breast and between my shoulders from heart trouble. My heart would palpitate, flutter, then skip beats, until I could no longer lie in bed. Night after night I walked the floor, for to lie down would have meant sudden death. My condition seemed almo thopeless when I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, but it helped me from the first. Later I took Dr. Miles' Nervine with the Heart Cure and the effect was astonishing. I earnestly implore similar sufferers to give these remedies a trial."

Sold by all Druggists on guarantee.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

MANY SURRENDER.

Insurgents Tired of Fighting in Luzon.

SALE OF ISLANDS DELAYED.

Agitation of the Question in Denmark the Cause—Three Thousand More Men Needed at Once in the Navy—Postmaster General Payne Takes Oath of Office.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Cable advices from Manila announce the surrender of a large force of insurgents, including one colonel, three lieutenant colonels, one major, five captains, twelve lieutenants, 215 men and 223 rifles. Marasigan, the colonel, was a leader of importance under the insurgent general, Malvar, operating in the western part of Batangas. That section is reported now to be practically clear of hostile forces. It is stated that the surrender was unconditional and due directly to the excellent service of the American troops. The loyal natives, it is added, believe this surrender will influence hostile bands in other sections of Batangas to surrender. Those prisoners not charged with serious crimes have been released.

The agitation reported to have sprung up in Denmark in opposition to the transfer of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States has administered, in the opinion of the officials here, a check to the proposition which will operate indefinitely. Unfortunately for the project, it came at a time when the cession practically had been arranged, for the treaty had been drawn and the Danish government had approved it informally when it was obliged to withhold action in the final stage by force of public sentiment. It is believed, however, that the work already done will not be a total loss. The subject will be allowed to rest undisturbed for a while, to be reopened at an opportune moment.

Rear Admiral Crowinshield, chief of the bureau of navigation, before the House naval committee, pointed out the urgent necessity for an increase of men and officers in order properly to man the new ships. He advocated an increase of the enlisted force at least 3,000, and discussed with the committee plans to increase the number of cadets at the academy, either by giving an appointment to each representative in congress every two or every three years, instead of every four years as at present, or by giving the President and United States senators appointments.

Henry C. Payne took the oath of office as postmaster general today.

LYNCHERS WERE FOILED.

Governor of Kentucky Orders Troops to Protect Prisoner.

Maysville, Ky., Jan. 15.—A mob stormed the jail at Flemingsburg early this morning to get a negro prisoner, Charles Gaskins, who is charged with the murder of James Ryan, a son of Officer Ryan, and who has been kept in the Newport jail for safety until yesterday, when the trial began. The jailer made a desperate resistance. The outer door was broken open, the windows mashed, and a dynamite bomb placed under the building, but it failed to explode. When daylight came the lynchers withdrew, fearing identification.

Frankfort, Jan. 15.—Governor Beckham ordered troops from here and Lexington, under command of the adjutant general, to protect the negro prisoner at Flemingsburg.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	86
Loose hay, per ton	$10–$11
Bailed hay	11-12
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	65–70
Oats	45–48
Clover Seed	5 00–5 25
Bran	1 15
Middlings	1 20
Timothy Seed	1 50–2 00
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	16-22
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	
Potatoes, per bushel	70 80
Apples	75–1 00
Cabbage, doz	40
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	22
Eggs (fresh)	25
Live Spring Chickens, per lb	07
Chickens, dressed per lb	09-10
Turkeys, dressed, 13c: Live	09
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	10
Sides	06 to 07

CORONATION FESTIVITIES.

Beginning Marked by King's Return to Marlborough.

New York, Jan. 15.—The London correspondent of the Tribune says the return of the king and queen to Marlborough house for the opening of parliament marks the beginning of the coronation festivities. The king's council and cabinet meeting were formalities required for putting the finishing touches on the address from the throne and for the arrangements for the military and parliamentary pageant. The ceremonial last February will be repeated, with more pages, equerries, horses, carriages and color. Lord Salisbury, instead of carrying the sword of state, as he would be forced to do if he were foreign secretary, is favored by tradition and will stand at the left of the king, as lord of the privy seal, with the lord chancellor at the king's right hand, and this portion of the tableau will be a parable of the dependence of the medieval monarchy upon the two officials whose seals were indispensable for authenticating any royal decree. The Duke of Devonshire will either carry the imperial crown or the sword of state. The Marquis of Winchester will bear the cup of maintenance and Lord Wolsely will bear the gold stick. The college of heralds will bring into the picture every figure that belongs there by virtue of ancient tradition.

KITCHENER'S REPORT.

Every Effort is Being Made to Surround DeWet.

London, Jan. 15.—Perhaps the most important point in Lord Kitchener's weekly report, dated Johannesburg, Monday, Jan. 13, is the omission of all mention of General DeWet, from which it is deduced that the British commander-in-chief is more than usually hopeful of effective results from his present effort to surround DeWet. Since the disaster at Zeefontein strong British columns have been persistently dogging DeWet's force, while armored trains have prevented him from crossing the railroad line and have forced him northward. Lord Kitchener is supplying DeWet's pursuers with relays and remounts.

Lord Kitchener reports that since Jan. 6, 20 Boers have been killed, 9 wounded and 203 captured, and that 95 have surrendered.

BRIEFS BY TELEGRAPH.

St. Louis.—Rice, Stix & Co.'s shirt factory burned today. Loss $250,000.

DesMoines, Ia.—Senator William B. Allison was nominated last night for the position of United States senator for the sixth consecutive term, and Senator Jonathan P. F. Dolliver was nominated to succeed himself at the expiration of his appointed term.

Bruex, Austria.—A flood in the Jupiter mine cut off from escape forty-three men, including the general manager and two superintendents, and all were drowned.

Rome.—While granting an audience to a party of American pilgrims the Pope was taken with a fainting fit. He recovered soon after being conveyed to his apartments.

London.—The appointment of Whitelaw Reid to represent the United States at the coronation of King Edward is well received in England.

Huntington, W. Va.—The body of S. E. Jones, a prominent attorney, was found in the Ohio river this morning. Indications point to suicide.

New Orleans.—A schooner that has arrived on the lower coast reports hundreds of dead mules floating in the Gulf of Mexico for a distance of 30 miles. The belief here is that a big British transport, bound from New Orleans to South Africa, has foundered or has been blown up by the Boer spies. There is great excitement in shipping circles.

Hong Kong.—The British steamer Nanning, belonging to the Hong Kong, Canton and Macao Steam Coal Company, of Hong Kong, has been fired on by the Chinese soldiers in the Tamchau channel, West river. The chaplain of the British flagship Glory, Rev. Charles E. L. Cowan, who was on board, was severely wounded.

Massillon & Cleveland Railroad Company

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER, MASSILLON, O., Jan. 2, 1902.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the general office of the Company in the Massillon Savings and Banking Company, in the City of Massillon, Ohio, on Tuesday, the fourth day of February, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

Ten cents will buy trial size of Ely's Cream Balm; enough to convince you that it is the greatest of remedies for nasal catarrh or cold in the head. Full size 5 cents. All druggists. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.
153 Second St., Albany, N. Y.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—I suffered greatly with catarrh and tried different remedies without effect. After using one bottle of your Cream Balm I found relief and I cannot praise too highly such a remedy.

Sept. 27, 1899. Miss Cora Willard.

A Heart Tonic,

When all other Headache Remedies fail to cure your Headache try Clinic Headache Wafers, they never fail, never depress, are a true Heart and Nerve Tonic and are guaranteed to cure. One trial will convince and you will then use no other. 10 cents at all druggists.

Public Sale.

Brenner Bros. will sell at public auction on February 27 1902, at their residence, one-half mile east of East Greenville, 10 head of horses, 50 head Durham cattle 40 head of hogs, lot of sheep and all kinds of farm implements.

Farm For Sale

The farm of Jacob Moock, deceased, consisting of forty acres, more or less, with good buildings, plenty of fruit; also good sand bank. Will be sold at public auction on Saturday, Jan. 25, 1902.

P. E. MOOCK, Administrator.

Jos. H. Thomas,

Postmaster Navarre, O. Graduated by the Fowler & Wells Phrenological Institute—Class 1889.

Why don't you consult a Phrenologist?

Our best subjects are progressive and up-to-date people. Phrenology explains your weak and strong points.

No Extra Charges to Meet You.

For prices and dates call at the Navarre Postoffice, drop a card, or phone

BAR-BEN

.....BUILDS UP THE.....

BODY, BRAIN and NERVES

and purifies the blood It infuses new vigor and vitality into the weak, nervous and broken down system, stops all unnatural drains and causes a general feeling of health power and vitality. Within three days after taking the first dose you will notice the return of the old vim snap and energy you have counted as lost forever. While the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit BAR-BEN makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and the nerves strong and steady as steel. BAR BEN is especially efficacious for weak women.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed sealed on receipt of price. Write for free samples.

The Bar-Ben Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by J. M. Schuckers and Rider & Snyder.

SPECIAL SALE

Portieres and Lace Curtains.

All draperies used for decorative purposes in our new storeroom are offered at 25 per cent discount on Rope Portieres, and 50 per cent discount on all others.

NEW

Spring Carpetings

are now open for inspection. A full line of Tapestry Brussels, Wiltons, Velvets, Axminsters, etc.

A good all wool Carpet at 50c

Tapestry Brussels as low as....45c

Don't forget our

New Wall Paper

department. Every roll a new spring pattern.

We offer from our wholesale department an

Iron Bed and Springs for $3.97.

Get our prices on Cut Glass and Silverware. They are right.

Benedict's New Store,

Wholesale & Retail. Cor. Erie & Tremont.

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